ALARKO GAYRİMENKUL YATIRIM ORTAKLIĞI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH)



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(Convenience translation of a report and consolidated financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the General Assembly of Alarko Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı Anonim Şirketi

A) Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

1) Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Alarko Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı Anonim Şirketi (the Company) and its subsidiaries (the Group), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2022, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2022, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the Turkish Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRS").

2) Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with standards on auditing as issued by the Capital Markets Board of Turkey and Independent Auditing Standards (InAS) which are part of the Turkish Auditing Standards as issued by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority of Turkey (POA). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Connsolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Independent Auditors (Code of Ethics) as issued by the POA, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

3) Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.



Key Audit Matter	How the matter was addressed in the audit
Valuation of investment properties	
As explained in Notes 2 and 9, the Group evaluates its investment properties by the fair value method after the initial recognition. As of December 31, 2022, the fair value of the investment properties valued at 4.904.060.580 TL, which are shown in the consolidated financial statements, are determined by independent valuation companies and the details are explained in Note 9. Since investment properties constitute an important part of the Group's total assets and the valuation methods used contain important estimates and assumptions, the valuation of investment properties is considered as a key audit subject by us.	We have assessed the licenses, competencies and impartiality of real estate appraisers appointed by the management. In our audit, the appropriateness of the valuation methods used by the valuation experts in the valuation reports of investment properties was evaluated. In the valuation reports, the reconciliation of the values appreciated by the valuation experts for the independent sections to the amounts explained in Note 9 has been reviewed. The audit procedures we apply include the investigation of market data against the assumptions (including real discount rate, market rents and estimated occupancy rates) used by valuation experts in their valuation. For this
	valuation experts in their valuation. For this evaluation, appraisers included in the audit network that we are connected to are included in the studies. Due to the presence of high-level judgments used in the valuation reports as well as alternative estimates and valuation methods, we have assessed whether the value appreciated by valuation specialists is within an acceptable range. In addition, the appropriateness of the information contained in the consolidated financial statements and explanatory footnotes was taken into consideration by us, considering the importance of the disclosed information for the readers of the financial statements.



4) Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with TFRS, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

5) Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

In an independent audit, our responsibilities as the auditors are:

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with standards on auditing as issued by the Capital Markets Board of Turkey and InAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with standards on auditing as issued by the Capital Markets Board of Turkey and InAS, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.



- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.



B) Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1) Auditors' report on Risk Management System and Committee prepared in accordance with paragraph 4 of Article 398 of Turkish Commercial Code ("TCC") 6102 is submitted to the Board of Directors of the Company on February 24, 2023.
- 2) In accordance with paragraph 4 of Article 402 of the TCC, no significant matter has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the Company's bookkeeping activities for the period January 1 December 31, 2022 and financial statements are not in compliance with laws and provisions of the Company's articles of association in relation to financial reporting.
- 3) In accordance with paragraph 4 of Article 402 of the TCC, the Board of Directors submitted to us the necessary explanations and provided required documents within the context of audit.

The name of the engagement partner who supervised and concluded this audit is Tolga Özdemir.

Güney Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik Anonim Şirketi A member firm of Ernst & Young Global Limited

Leeun

Tolga Özdemir, SMMM

Partner

February 24, 2023 İstanbul, Türkiye

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AUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS OF 31 DECEMBER $2022\,$

		Audited 31 December	Restated Audited (Note 2.4) 31 December	Restated Audited (Note 2.4) 31 December
	Notes	2022	2021	2020
ASSETS				
Current Assets		491.988.610	676.073.646	679.884.383
Cash and Cash Equivalent	3	224.666.353	128.290.389	15.935.243
Financial Investments	4	37.609.284	395.484.549	630.367.091
Trade Receivables		157.851.593	141.664.076	26.041.848
Trade Receivables from Related Parties	6,25	155.685.980	140.472.759	25.006.214
Trade Receivables from Third Parties	6	2.165.613	1.191.317	1.035.634
Inventories	8	3.337.673	3.271.735	3.271.735
Prepaid Expenses	14	59.860.764	1.363.574	1.253.252
Current Tax Asset		8.169.835	3.663.303	2.766.841
Other Current Assets		386.612	151.891	248.373
Sub Total		491.882.114	673.889.517	679.884.383
Assets Held for Sales	15	106.496	2.184.129	-
Non-Current Assets		5.606.716.070	2.545.159.311	1.254.475.017
Financial Investments	4	693.486.780	142.080.898	111.192.121
Other Receivables		118.156	75.584	63.984
Other Receivables from Third Parties	7	118.156	75.584	63.984
Investment Properties	9	4.904.060.580	2.402.735.815	1.143.051.455
Property, Plant and Equipment	10	7.563.212	157.004	129.901
Intangible Assets		1.107.651	110.010	37.556
Other Intangible Assets	11	1.107.651	110.010	37.556
Prepaid Expenses	14	379.691	-	-
TOTAL ASSETS		6.098.704.680	3.221.232.957	1.934.359.400

AUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2022

		Audited 31 December	Restated Audited (Note 2.4) 31 December	Restated Audited (Note 2.4) 31 December
LIABILITIES	Notes	2022	2021	2020
Current Liabilities		63.954.224	33.543.244	13.969.089
Current Liabilities		03.934.224	33.343.244	13.909.089
Financial Borrowings	5	2.276.511	2.276.511	2.276.511
Short Term Portion of Long Term Borrowings	5	11.901.067	7,000,045	-
Trade Payables		16.947.722	7.988.845	6.394.743
Trade Payables to Related Parties	6,25	1.383.971	397.156	4.744
Trade Payables to Third Parties	6	15.563.751	7.591.689	6.389.999
Payables Related to Employee Benefits	13	2.911.262	94.050	72.635
Other Payables		27.582.753	22.270.553	3.916.378
Other Payables to Third Parties	7	27.582.753	22.270.553	3.916.378
Deferred Income		88.767	66.851	59.228
Current Income Tax		2.244.946	846.434	1.249.594
Other Current Liabilities		1.196	-	-
Non-Current Liabilities		192.809.725	45.139.809	26.841.297
Financial Borrowings	5	113.445.877	2.088.541	4.004.635
Other Payables		13.451.046	8.020.262	5.625.029
Other Payables to Third Parties	7	13.451.046	8.020.262	5.625.029
Long-term Provisions		1.031.189	437.408	320.484
Long-term Provisions for Employee Benefits	13	1.031.189	437.408	320.484
Deferred Tax Liability	23	64.881.613	34.593.598	16.891.149
EQUITY		5.841.940.731	3.142.549.904	1.893.549.014
Equity attributable to parent		5.841.940.731	3.142.549.904	1.855.751.154
Share Capital	1,16	64.400.000	64.400.000	64.400.000
Adjustments to share capital	16	963.372	963.372	963.372
Treasury stocks (-)	16	(30.338.787)	(19.763.998)	(21.995.618)
Effect of Mergers Involving Enterprises or	10	(30.330.707)		(21.553.010)
Businesses Under Common Control	2.11	(166.602.668)	(58.579.468)	(9.105.268)
Other comprehensive income or expenses that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss				
		95.422.555	13.222.404	8.927.079
Gain/Loss from Investments in Equity Based Financial Instruments - Gains / losses on revaluation and	4	95.823.429	13.277.599	8.944.298
remeasurement for defined benefit plans		(400.874)	(55.195)	(17.219)
Other accumulated comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss		195.042.832	106.935.278	17.842.091
Currency translation difference		195.042.832	106.935.278	17.842.091
Restricted reserves Appropriated from Profit	16	69.176.253	48.297.464	40.977.695
Prior Years' Profit/Losses	16	2.859.936.063	1.720.776.462	1.412.064.891
Net Profit/Loss for the Year	24	2.753.941.111	1.266.298.390	341.676.912
Non- Controlling Interests			<u>-</u>	37.797.860
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		6.098.704.680	3.221.232.957	1.934.359.400

AUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY – 31 DECEMBER 2022

		Audited Current Year 1 January-	Restated Audited Prior Year (Note 2.4) 1 January-
		31 December	31 December
	Notes	2022	2021
PROFIT AND LOSS			
Revenue	17	171.907.061	136.191.050
Cost of Sales (-)	17	(3.931.158)	(1.543.441)
GROSS PROFIT		167.975.903	134.647.609
Administrative expenses (-)	18	(38.396.112)	(18.272.201)
Other Income from Operating Activities	20	2.677.648.263	1.184.036.167
Other Expenses from Operating Activities (-)	20	(42.185.967)	(30.338.567)
OPERATING PROFIT		2.765.042.087	1.270.073.008
Income from Investing Activities	21	2.556.877	163,591
Expenses form Investing Activities	21	(1.425.091)	103.371
OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE FINANCE INCOME/EXPENSE		2.766.173.873	1.270.236.599
Financing Expenses (-)	22	(617.476)	(998.011)
PROFIT BEFORE TAX FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS		2.765.556.397	1.269.238.588
Current Tax Expense/Income		(1.967.488)	(548.707)
Deferred Tax Expense/Income		(9.647.798)	(2.391.491)
Tax Expense/Income from Continuing Operations	23	(11.615.286)	(2.940.198)
PROFIT FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS		2.753.941.111	1.266.298.390
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	24	2.753.941.111	1.266.298.390
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			
Items that will not be Reclassified Subsequently to Profit or Loss			
- Gain/Loss from Investments in Equity Based Financial Instruments	4,16	82.545.830	4.333.301
- Gain/Loss on Remeasurement of Defined Benefit Plans	13	(345.679)	(37.976)
Items that will be Reclassified Subsequently to Profit or Loss			
- Foreign Currency Translation Differences Regarding the Translation of Foreign Businesses		88.107.554	77.198.459
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(EXPENSE)		170.307.705	81.493.784
		110,001,1100	01,170,101
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		2.924.248.816	1.347.792.174
Earnings per share			
Earnings/(Loss) per Share from Continuing Operations	24	44,7835	20,5772

AUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY – 31 DECEMBER 2022

					Comprehe	umulated Other nsive Income or that will not be quently to Profit or Loss	Other comprehensive income and expenses accumulated that will be reclassified in profit or loss			Retained Earnings			
	Share Capital	Adjustments to Share Capital	Treasury shares (-)	Effect of Mergers Involving Enterprises or Businesses Under Common Control	Gain/Loss from Investments in Equity Based Financial Instruments	Accumula ted Gain/Loss on Remeasur ement of Defined Benefit Plans	Currency translation differences	Restricted Reserves Appropriated from Profit	Prior Years' Profit/ (Losses)	Net Profit/ Loss for the Year	Equity attributable to parent	Non- Controlling Interests	Total Equity
Balances as of 1 January 2021 (Opening Balance)	64.400.000	963.372	(21.995.618)	(0.105.250)	9.888.473	(17.219)	-	40.977.695	1.385.692.663	330.185.303	1.810.094.669	-	1.810.094.669
Other Adjustments (Note 2.4) Amount After Adjustments	64.400.000	963.372	(21.995.618)	(9.105.268) (9.105.268)	(944.175) 8.944.298	(17.219)	17.842.091 17.842.091	40.977.695	26.372.228 1.412.064.891	11.491.609 341.676.912	45.656.485 1.855.751.154	37.797.860 37.797.860	83.454.345 1.893.549.014
Transfers	-	703.372	(21.555.010)	(7.103.200)	0.744.270	(17.21)	17.042.071	9.551.389	281.893.523	(291.444.912)	-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Income / (Expense)	-	-	=	-	4.333.301	(37.976)	77.198.459	-	-	1.266.298.390	1.347.792.174	-	1.347.792.174
Effect of Mergers Involving Enterprises or				(40.454.800)							(10.151.500)		(10.151.500)
Businesses Under Common Control Dividends	-	-	2.231.620	(49.474.200)	-	-	-	(2.231.620)	914.916	(50.232.000)	(49.474.200) (49.317.084)	-	(49.474.200) (49.317.084)
Transactions with Non-Controlling Shareholders	_	_	2.231.020	-	-	-	11.894.728	(2.231.020)	25.903.132	(30.232.000)	37.797.860	(37,797,860)	(49.317.064)
Restated Balances as of 31 December 2021							11.07 1.720		20.900.102		371771.000	(371771.000)	
(Closing balances)	64.400.000	963.372	(19.763.998)	(58.579.468)	13.277.599	(55.195)	106.935.278	48.297.464	1.720.776.462	1.266.298.390	3.142.549.904	-	3.142.549.904
Balances as of 1 January 2022 (Opening Balance)	64.400.000	963.372	(19.763.998)	-	13.277.599	(55.195)	30.804.310	48.297.464	1.660.631.817	1.261.477.309	3.060.032.678		3.060.032.678
Other Adjustments (Note 2.4)	-			(58.579.468)			76.130.968		60.144.645	4.821.081	82.517.226	-	82.517.226
Amount After Adjustments Transfers	64.400.000	963.372	(19.763.998)	(58.579.468)	13.277.599	(55.195)	106.935.278	48.297.464 10.304.000	1.720.776.462 1.149.734.390	1.266.298.390 (1.160.038.390)	3.142.549.904	-	3.142.549.904
Total Comprehensive Income / (Expense)	-		- :	-	82.545.830	(345.679)	88.107.554	10.304.000	1.149./34.390		2.924.248.816	-	2.924.248.816
Effect of Mergers Involving Enterprises or						()							
Businesses Under Common Control Dividends	-	-	-	(108.023.200)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(108.023.200)	-	(108.023.200)
Dividends (Note 16)	-	-	4.720.735	-	-	-	-	(4.720.735)	4.720.735	(106.260.000)	(101.539.265)	-	(101.539.265)
Increase / (Decrease) Due to Share Buyback Transactions	-	-	(15.295.524)	-	-	-	-	15.295.524	(15.295.524)	-	(15.295.524)	-	(15.295.524)
Balances as of 31 December 2022													
(Closing Balances)	64.400.000	963.372	(30.338.787)	(166.602.668)	95.823.429	(400.874)	195.042.832	69.176.253	2.859.936.063	2.753.941.111	5.841.940.731	-	5.841.940.731

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

		Audited	Restated Audited
		1 January-	1 January-
		31 December	31 December
	Notes	2022	2021
A. Cash Flows from Operating Activities		119.502.115	554.966.440
Profit/Loss for the Year		2.753.941.111	1.266.298.390
Adjustments to Reconcile Profit/Loss for the Year		(2.560.593.688)	(1.036.524.998)
- Adjustments related to depreciation and amortization expenses	10,11	692.332	51.476
- Adjustments related to provisions	13	248.102	101.874
- Adjustments related to interest income and expenses	20	(42.893.648)	(41.463.596)
- Adjustments related to unrealized currency translation differences		(169.580.698)	(282.711.945)
- Adjustments related to gain/loss on fair value	9,20	(2.339.259.171)	(715.293.200)
- Adjustments related to tax (income) / expense	23	11.615.286	2.940.198
- Adjustments related to losses/(gains) on disposal of fixed assets	20	(20.565.000)	-
- Adjustments related to losses / (gains) on disposal of non-current assets held for sale or for			
distribution to shareholders		(859.465)	_
- Other adjustments		8.574	(149.805)
Changes in working capital		(38.076.671)	(81.058.539)
- Adjustments related to increase/decrease in trade receivables	6	(16.469.425)	(115.636.806)
- Adjustments related to increase/decrease in other receivables from operations	7	(42.572)	(11.600)
- Adjustments related to increase/decrease in inventories	8	(65.938)	` _
- Adjustments related to increase/decrease in trade payables	6	8.959.890	1.594.894
- Adjustments related to increase/decrease in other payables from operations	7	10.742.984	20.749.408
- Adjustments related to other increase /decrease in working capital		(41.201.610)	12.245.565
Cash Generated from Operations		155.270.752	148.714.853
Cash outflows for acquisition of debt instruments	4	(573.216.894)	(714.227.544)
Cash inflows from sale of debt instruments	4	538.017.233	1.121.453.924
Employment termination benefits paid	14	-	(22.926)
Tax return / (payments)		(568.976)	(951.867)
B. Cash Flows from Investing Activities		(116.492.899)	(468.576.575)
Cash outflows arising from purchase of shares or capital increase of associates and/or joint ventures	2,11	(108.023.200)	(49.474.200)
Payments for purchase of property, plant and equipment			
and intangible assets	10,11	(8.585.069)	(90.158)
Cash inflow from investments properties		39.640.000	-
Payments for investment properties	9	(75.910.090)	(451.977.694)
Cash inflows from sales of assets held for sale		4.548.059	-
Dividends received from other equity investments	21	272.321	163.591
Interest received		31.565.080	32.801.886
C. Cash flows from financing activities		5.259.194	(51.233.178)
Cash outflows for the acquisition of own shares and			
other equity instruments	5	(15.295.524)	-
Cash inflows from borrowing	5	124.800.000	-
Cash outflows related to debt payments	5	(2.706.017)	(1.916.094)
Dividends paid Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents before the effect of currency	16	(101.539.265)	(49.317.084)
translation differences		8.268.410	35.156.687
D. Effect of currency translation differences on cash and cash equivalents	3	88.107.554	77.198.459
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		96.375.964	112.355.146
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	3	128.290.389	15.935.243
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	3	224.666.353	128.290.389

The accompanying notes from an integral part of these financial statements.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

1. Organization and Operations of the Company

The company name of Aletim Alarko Elektrik Tesisat ve İnşaat Malzemeleri Anonim Şirketi founded on 6 June 1978 was changed to Alarko Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı Anonim Şirketi (the Company) upon being published in the Turkish Trade Register Gazette dated 6 August 1996 nr 4096. The Company applied to the Capital Markets Board ("CMB" or "Board") on 31 October 1996 for the registration of a document related to share certificates to be issued for the capital increase in its shareholders; and the document was registered by the CMB certificate Nr GYO 1/1552 dated 31 December 1996 in accordance with the Capital Markets Law.

The Company operates as a real estate partnership in accordance with the statements and regulations of the CMB. In this context, the Company invests in real estates, real estate projects, and capital market instruments. Accordingly, the Company acts in accordance with the regulations and legislation of the CMB in its principal activities, investment portfolio policies, and administrative limits.

As of 31 December 2022,2021 and 2020, the shareholders and the shareholding structure of the Company at historic values is as follows:

		31 December		31 December		31 December
Shareholders	%	2022	<u></u> %	2021	%	2020
Alarko Holding A.Ş.	16,42	10.570.843	16,42	10.570.843	16,42	10.570.843
Alsim Alarko Sanayi						
Tesisleri ve Tic. A.Ş.	34,78	22.400.102	34,78	22.400.102	34,78	22.400.102
Public Offering	48,77	31.408.178	48,77	31.408.178	48,77	31.408.178
Other (*)	0,03	20.877	0,03	20.877	0,03	20.877
Total	100,00	64.400.000	100,00	64.400.000	100,00	64.400.000

(*) Represents total shareholdings less than 10%.

As of 31 December 2022, 2021 and 2020, the difference arising from restatement of the nominal value of the share capital amounts to TL 963.372. (Note 16 (b)).

The address of the Company's Head Office is Muallim Naci Caddesi, No:69 P.K. 34347 Ortaköy – Beşiktaş/İstanbul.

The majority of the Company shares belong to Alsim Alarko Sanayi Tesisleri ve Ticaret A.Ş. and 48,77% of the Company shares is traded at the Istanbul Stock Exchange since 1996.

As of 31 December 2022, the average number of the Company personnel is 19 (31 December 2021: 10).

The share certificates constituting the Company's share capital are classified in three groups, namely, Group A, Group B, and Group C. Group A share owners are granted the right to nominate four candidates for the Board of Directors and B Group share owners are granted the right to nominate three candidates for the Board of Directors. There are no other rights granted to the shareholders other than the right to nominate candidates for the Board of Directors.

Joint Ventures:

In the accompanying consolidated financial statements, Mosalarko OJSC company residing in the Russian Federation, whose activities are only real estate, has been consolidated according to the full consolidation method with 100% ownership as of 31 December 2022.

Approval of financial statements:

Board of Directors has approved the consolidated financial statements and delegated authority for publishing it on 24 February 2023. General Assembly has the authority to modify the financial statements.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

2. Basis of Presentation of the Financial Statements

2.1 Basis of Presentation:

Statement of Compliance with TFRS

The Company maintains its books of account and prepares its statutory consolidated financial statements in accordance with the prevailing commercial and financial legislation. The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with the provisions of the "Communiqué Related to the Financial Reporting Principles at the Capital Markets" (Communiqué) Nr. II/14.1 of the CMB published in the Official Gazette dated 13 June 2013 Nr 28676, taking as basis the Turkish Accounting Standards /Turkish Financial Reporting Standards and the related appendices and interpretations (TAS/TFRS) put into effect by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority (POA) as per the Article 5 of the Communiqué. In addition, it has been presented in accordance with the TAS taxonomy published by the POA with the decision number 30 on June 2, 2016 and subsequently announced to the public on 15 April 2019, together with the changes in TFRS-15 Revenue from Customer Contracts and TFRS-16 Leasing standards.

Consolidated financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis, except for the revaluation of investment properties and the fair value of financial investments. In determining the historical cost, fair value of the amount generally paid for the assets is taken as basis.

Functional Currency

The functional currency of the Parent Company is Turkish Lira (TL) and the accompanying consolidated financial statements and footnotes are presented in Turkish Lira (TL). The functional currency of the Parent Company's subsidiary operating in Russia is Ruble. In the statement of financial position, asset items are converted to TL with the buying rate at the end of the reporting period, liability items are converted to TL with the selling rate at the end of the reporting period, income and expenses are converted to TL with the average rate of the period. Profit or loss arising from the translation transaction is shown in the "currency translation differences" account in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Adjustment of Financial Statements during Hyper-Inflationary Periods

In the announcement published by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority on January 20, 2022, it is stated that TAS 29 Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies does not apply to the TFRS financial statements as of December 31, 2021, since the cumulative change in the general purchasing power of the last three years according to Consumer Price Index (CPI) is 74.41%. In this respect, consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2021 are not adjusted for inflation in accordance with TAS 29."

Consolidation Principles

During the preparation of the financial statements of the companies included in the consolidation, necessary adjustments and classifications have been made in terms of compliance with the Turkish Accounting Standards published by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority, and compliance with the accounting policies and presentation formats applied by the Group.

Subsidiaries refer to companies that Alarko Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş. has the authority and power to control directly and/or indirectly. Control is provided to the Group's investee if and only if all of the following indicators are present; a) Has power over the investee, b) Is exposed to or has rights to varying returns from its involvement with the investee, c) Has the ability to use its power over the investee to influence the amount of returns it receives.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

2. Basis of Presentation of the Financial Statements (cont'd)

2.1 Basis of Presentation: (cont'd)

Consolidation Principles (cont'd)

The financial position statements and profit or loss and other comprehensive income statements of the Subsidiaries are consolidated using the full consolidation method, and the book values and equity of the Subsidiaries owned by Alarko Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş. are mutually offset. Alarko Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş. Intra-group transactions and balances between the Group and its Subsidiaries have been deducted during consolidation. The book values of the shares owned by Alarko Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş. and the dividends arising from them have been netted off from the related equity and income statement accounts. Subsidiaries are included in the scope of consolidation from the date on which control over their activities is transferred to the Group and are excluded from the scope of consolidation on the date that control ceases.

Non-controlling interests in the net assets and operating results of Subsidiaries are presented as "non-controlling interests" in the consolidated statement of financial position and statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

2.2 Adjustments:

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with TAS/TFRS with the below mentioned adjustments which are not stated in the statutory records:

- Provision for doubtful receivables
- Calculation of rediscount on customers
- Depreciation adjustment for property, plant and equipment in accordance with TAS 16
- Retirement pay liability adjustment as per TAS 19
- Valuation of financial assets quoted at the stock exchange by market value
- Provisions for unused vacation days
- Valuation of investment properties at fair value
- Valuation of financial investments at fair value
- Valuation of financial assets held to maturity at the cost value amortized as per the effective interest method.
- Accounting of right-of-use asset according to TFRS 16
- Valuation of financial liabilities at amortized cost

2.3 Offsetting:

Offsetting financial assets and liabilities can only be made under the conditions where the offsetting transaction is legally allowed and the company has an intention in this respect or where the acquisition of assets and fulfillment of liabilities are realized simultaneously.

2.4 Comparative Information and Restatement of Prior Period Financial Statements

Consolidated financial statements are prepared comparatively with the previous period in order to enable the determination of financial position and performance trends. In order to comply with the presentation of the current period consolidated financial statements, comparative information is reclassified when deemed necessary and significant differences are disclosed.

Alarko Gayrimenkul Yatirim Ortakligi AS, Marksistskaya Sok., No.16, 109147 Moscow / Russian Federation, 50% of the shares of Mosalarko OJSC, the parent company of which is a real estate only real estate company, is owned by Alarko Holding A.Ş. Bought it for \$8,000,000. The purchase of the said share was registered in the Moscow Trade Registry of the Russian Federation on January 27, 2022. With Alarko Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş.'s shareholding in Mosalarko OJSC reaching 100%, the Public Oversight Authority (KGK) has published in the Official Gazette dated 21 July 2013, "Accounting for Business Combinations Subject to Joint Control". In accordance with the principle, mergers under common control should be accounted for by restating prior period financial statements using the "Combination of Rights" method.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

2. Basis of Presentation of the Financial Statements (cont'd)

2.4 Comparative Information and Restatement of Prior Period Financial Statements (cont'd)

Transactions realized under common control are reflected in the financial statements according to the "Consolidation of Rights" method. In this context; With the acquisition of Mosalarko OJSC, the financial position statements for December 31, 2021 and 2020, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2021, the statement of changes in shareholders' equity and the statement of cash flows have been restated.

The effects of the relevant regulations and classifications explained above are presented in the financial statements below.

	Reported Prior Period	A 35	Restated Prior Period
ASSETS	<u>31 December 2021</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	<u>31 December 2021</u>
Current Assets	667.136.878	8.936.768	676.073.646
Cash and Cash Equivalent	124.106.632	4.183.757	128.290.389
Financial Investments	395.484.549	4.103.737	395.484.549
Trade Receivables	140.777.320	886.756	141.664.076
Inventories	3.271.735	-	3.271.735
Prepaid Expenses	1.160.622	202.952	1.363.574
Current Tax Asset	1.100.022	3.663.303	3.663.303
Other Current Assets	151.891	5.005.505	151.891
Assets Held for Sales	2.184.129	-	2.184.129
Non-Current Assets	2.428.047.996	117.111.315	2.545.159.311
Financial Investments	142.080.898	_	142.080.898
Other Receivables	75.584	_	75.584
Investments Valued by Equity Method	95.493.521	(95.493.521)	-
Investment Properties	2.190.261.137	212.474.678	2.402.735.815
Property, Plant and Equipment	26.846	130.158	157.004
Intangible Assets	110.010	-	110.010
TOTAL ASSETS	3.095,184,874	126.048.083	3.221,232,957
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities	30.034.305	3.508.939	33.543.244
Financial Borrowings	2.276.511	_	2.276.511
Trade Payables	7.921.900	66.945	7.988.845
Payables Related to Employee Benefits	94.050	-	94.050
Other Payables	19.674.993	2.595.560	22.270.553
Deferred Income	66.851		66.851
Current Income Tax	-	846.434	846.434
Non-Current Liabilities	5.117.891	40.021.918	45.139.809
Financial Borrowings	2.088.541	-	2.088.541
Other Payables	2.591.942	5.428.320	8.020.262
Long-term Provisions	437.408	-	437.408
Deferred Tax Liability	-	34.593.598	34.593.598
EQUITY	3.060.032.678	82.517.226	3.142.549.904
Share Capital	64.400.000	-	64.400.000
Adjustments to share capital	963.372	-	963.372
Treasury stocks (-)	(19.763.998)	-	(19.763.998)
Effect of Mergers Involving Enterprises or Businesses			
Under Common Control	-	(58.579.468)	(58.579.468)
Other comprehensive income or expenses that will not be			
reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	13.222.404	-	13.222.404
Other accumulated comprehensive income that will be			
reclassified to profit or loss	30.804.310	76.130.968	106.935.278
Restricted reserves Appropriated from Profit	48.297.464	-	48.297.464
Prior Years' Profit/Losses	1.660.631.817	60.144.645	1.720.776.462
Net Profit/Loss for the Year	1.261.477.309	4.821.081	1.266.298.390
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	3.095.184.874	126.048.083	3.221.232.957

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

2. Basis of Presentation of the Financial Statements (cont'd)

2.4 Comparative Information and Restatement of Prior Period Financial Statements (cont'd)

	Reported Prior Period	A 31	Restated Prior Period
A COLUMN	<u>31 December 2020</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	<u>31 December 2020</u>
ASSETS Current Assets	669.658.557	10.225.826	679.884.383
Cash and Cash Equivalent	9.710.342	6.224.901	15.935.243
Financial Investments	630.367.091	0.224.701	630.367.091
Trade Receivables	25.345.660	696.188	26.041.848
Inventories	3.271.735	070.100	3.271.735
Prepaid Expenses	715.356	537.896	1.253.252
Current Tax Asset	713.330	2.766.841	2.766.841
Other Current Assets	248.373	2.700.641	248.373
Non-Current Assets	1.157.586.404	96.888.613	1.254.475.017
Financial Investments	122.232.426	(11.040.305)	111.192.121
Other Receivables	63.984	(11.040.303)	63.984
Investment Properties	1.035.220.000	107.831.455	1.143.051.455
Property, Plant and Equipment	32.438	97.463	129.901
Intangible Assets	37.556	77.403	37.556
	37.330	_	37.330
TOTAL ASSETS	1.827.244.961	107.114.439	1.934.359.400
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities	11.214.125	2.754.964	13.969.089
Financial Borrowings	2.276.511	-	2.276.511
Trade Payables	6.341.218	53.525	6.394.743
Payables Related to Employee Benefits	72.635	-	72.635
Other Payables	2.464.533	1.451.845	3.916.378
Deferred Income	59.228	-	59.228
Current Income Tax	-	1.249.594	1.249.594
Non-Current Liabilities	5.936.167	20.905.130	26.841.297
Financial Borrowings	4.004.635	-	4.004.635
Other Payables	1.611.048	4.013.981	5.625.029
Long-term Provisions	320.484	-	320.484
Deferred Tax Liability	-	16.891.149	16.891.149
EQUITY	1.810.094.669	83.454.345	1.893.549.014
		03.434.343	
Share Capital Adjustments to share capital	64.400.000 963.372	-	64.400.000 963.372
Treasury stocks (-)	(21.995.618)	-	(21.995.618)
Effect of Mergers Involving Enterprises or	(21.993.016)	-	(21.993.016)
Businesses Under Common Control	-	(9.105.268)	(9.105.268)
Other comprehensive income or expenses that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	9.871.254	(944.175)	8.927.079
Other accumulated comprehensive income that will			
be reclassified to profit or loss	-	17.842.091	17.842.091
Restricted reserves Appropriated from Profit	40.977.695	_	40.977.695
Prior Years' Profit/Losses	1.385.692.663	26.372.228	1.412.064.891
Net Profit/Loss for the Year	330.185.303	11.491.609	341.676.912
Non- Controlling Interests	550.165.505	37.797.860	37.797.860
11011- Condoming Interests	-	31.171.000	31.171.800
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	1.827.244.961	107.114.439	1.934.359.400

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

2. Basis of Presentation of the Financial Statements (cont'd)

2.4 Comparative Information and Restatement of Prior Period Financial Statements (cont'd)

	Reported Prior Period 31 December 2021	Adjustments	Restated Prior Period 31 December 2021
PROFIT AND LOSS			
Revenue Cost of Sales (-)	122.022.298 (1.543.441)	14.168.752	136.191.050 (1.543.441)
GROSS PROFIT	120.478.857	14.168.752	134.647.609
Administrative expenses (-)	(4.667.975)	(13.604.226)	(18.272.201)
Other Income from Operating Activities	1.171.468.579	12.567.588	1.184.036.167
Other Expenses from Operating Activities (-)	(29.223.407)	(1.115.160)	(30.338.567)
OPERATING PROFIT	1.258.056.054	12.016.954	1.270.073.008
Income from Investing Activities	163.591	-	163.591
Shares of Profits (Losses) of Investments Valued by Equity Method	4.255.675	(4.255.675)	
OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE FINANCE	1 2/2 455 220	7.7(1.370	1 250 227 500
INCOME/EXPENSE	1.262.475.320	7.761.279	1.270.236.599
Financing Expenses (-) PROFIT BEFORE TAX FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	(998.011) 1.261.477.309	7.761.279	(998.011) 1.269.238.588
- Current Tax Expense/Income	1.201.477.309	(548.707)	(548.707)
- Deferred Tax Expense/Income	-	(2.391.491)	(2.391.491)
Tax Expense/Income from Continuing Operations		(2.940.198)	(2.940.198)
Tax Expense/ Income from Continuing Operations		(2.740.170)	(2.740.170)
PROFIT FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	1.261.477.309	4.821.081	1.266.298.390
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	1.261.477.309	4.821.081	1.266.298.390
Period Profit / (Loss) Distribution:			
- Non- Controlling Interests	_	_	_
- Shares attributable to parent	1.261.477.309	4.821.081	1.266.298.390
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			
Items that will not be Reclassified Subsequently to Profit or Loss - Gain/Loss from Investments in Equity Based Financial Instruments	5.694.746	(1.361.445)	4.333.301
- Gain/Loss on Remeasurement of Defined Benefit Plans	(37.976)	(1.301.443)	(37.976)
Items that will be Reclassified Subsequently to Profit or Loss	(37.970)	-	(37.970)
- Foreign Currency Translation Differences Regarding the			
Translation of Foreign Businesses	30.804.310	46.394.149	77.198.459
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(EXPENSE)	36.461.080	45.032.704	81.493.784
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	1.297.938.389	49.853.785	1.347.792.174
Total Compherensive Income Distribution:			
- Non- Controlling Interests	-	-	-
- Shares attributable to parent	1.297.938.389	49.853.785	1.347.792.174
Earnings per share			- · · · · · · ·
- Earnings/(Loss) per Share from Continuing Operations	20,4988	0,0783	20,5772

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

2. Basis of Presentation of the Financial Statements (cont'd)

2.5 Changes in Accounting Policies:

Significant changes in accounting policies are applied retrospectively and prior period financial statements are restated.

With Alarko Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş.'s shareholding in Mosalarko OJSC reaching 100%, the Public Oversight Authority (KGK) has published in the Official Gazette dated 21 July 2013, "Accounting for Business Combinations Subject to Joint Control". In accordance with the principle, mergers under common control should be accounted for by restating prior period financial statements using the "Combination of Rights" method. Transactions realized under common control are reflected in the financial statements according to the "Consolidation of Rights" method. In this context; With the acquisition of Mosalarko OJSC, the financial position statements of 31 December 2021 and 31 December 2020 and the consolidated profit or loss statement and other comprehensive income statement for the year ended 31 December 2021, the statement of changes in shareholders' equity and the statement of cash flows have been restated.

2.6 Changes and Errors in Accounting Estimates:

If the changes in accounting estimates are for only one period, they are applied prospectively in the current period when the change is made, both in the period when the change is made and in the future periods. There has not been a significant change, in the accounting estimates of the Company in the current year.

Significant accounting errors are applied retrospectively and prior period financial statements are restated.

2.7 The New and Revised Turkish Accounting / Financial Reporting Standards:

The accounting policies adopted in preparation of the consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2022 are consistent with those of the previous financial year, except for the adoption of new and amended TFRS and TFRS interpretations effective as of January 1, 2022 and thereafter. The effects of these standards and interpretations on the Group's financial position and performance have been disclosed in the related paragraphs.

a) The new standards, amendments and interpretations which are effective as of January 1, 2022 are as follows:

Amendments to TFRS 3 - Reference to the Conceptual Framework

In July 2020, POA issued amendments to TFRS 3 Business combinations. The amendments are intended to replace to a reference to a previous version of the Conceptual Framework (the 1989 Framework) with a reference to the current version issued in March 2018 (the Conceptual Framework) without significantly changing requirements of TFRS 3. At the same time, the amendments add a new paragraph to TFRS 3 to clarify that contingent assets do not qualify for recognition at the acquisition date. The amendments must be applied prospectively.

The amendments did not have a significant impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

Amendments to TAS 16 - Proceeds before intended use

In July 2020, POA issued amendments to TAS 16 Property, plant and equipment. The amendment prohibits entities from deducting from the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment (PP&E), any proceeds of the sale of items produced while bringing that asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Instead, an entity recognizes the proceeds from selling such items, and costs of producing those items, in profit or loss. The amendments must be applied retrospectively only to items of PP&E made available for use on or after beginning of the earliest period presented when the entity first applies the amendment.

The amendments did not have a significant impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

2. Basis of Presentation of the Financial Statements (cont'd)

2.7 The New and Revised Turkish Accounting / Financial Reporting Standards (cont'd):

Amendments to TAS 37 – Onerous contracts – Costs of Fulfilling a Contract

In July 2020, POA issued amendments to TAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent assets. The amendments specify which costs an entity needs to include when assessing whether a contract is onerous or loss-making and also apply a "directly related cost approach". Amendments must be applied prospectively to contracts for which an entity has not fulfilled all of its obligations at the beginning of the annual reporting period in which it first applies the amendments (the date of initial application).

The amendments did not have a significant impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

Annual Improvements – 2018–2020 Cycle

In July 2020, POA issued Annual Improvements to TFRS Standards 2018–2020 Cycle, amending the followings:

- TFRS 1 First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards Subsidiary as a first-time adopter: The amendment permits a subsidiary tto measure cumulative translation differences using the amounts reported by the parent. The amendment is also applied to an associate or joint venture.
- TFRS 9 Financial Instruments Fees in the "10 per cent test" for derecognition of financial liabilities: The amendment clarifies the fees that an entity includes when assessing whether the terms of a new or modified financial liability are substantially different from the terms of the original financial liability. These fees include only those paid or received between the borrower and the lender, including fees paid or received by either borrower or lender on the other's behalf.
- TAS 41 Agriculture Taxation in fair value measurements: The amendment removes the requirement in paragraph 22 of TAS 41 that entities exclude cash flows for taxation when measuring fair value of assets within the scope of TAS 41.

The amendments did not have a significant impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

ii) Standards issued but not yet effective and not early adopted

Standards, interpretations and amendments to existing standards that are issued but not yet effective up to the date of issuance of the consolidated financial statements are as follows. The Group will make the necessary changes if not indicated otherwise, which will be affecting the consolidated financial statements and disclosures, when the new standards and interpretations become effective.

Amendments to TFRS 10 and TAS 28: Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

In December 2017, POA postponed the effective date of this amendment indefinitely pending the outcome of its research project on the equity method of accounting. Early application of the amendments is still permitted.

The Group will wait until the final amendment to assess the impacts of the changes.

TFRS 17 - The new Standard for insurance contracts

POA issued TFRS 17 in February 2019, a comprehensive new accounting standard for insurance contracts covering recognition and measurement, presentation and disclosure. TFRS 17 model combines a current balance sheet measurement of insurance contract liabilities with the recognition of profit over the period that services are provided. Certain changes in the estimates of future cash flows and the risk adjustment are also recognised over the period that services are provided. Entities will have an option to present the effect of changes in discount rates either in profit and loss or in OCI. The standard includes specific guidance on measurement and presentation for insurance contracts with participation features. TFRS 17 will become effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023; early application is permitted. In accordance with amendments issued by POA in December 2021, entities have transition option for a "classification overlay" to avoid possible accounting mismatches between financial assets and insurance contract liabilities in the comparative information presented on initial application of TFRS 17.

The Group is in the process of assessing the impact of the standard on financial position or performance of the Group.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

2. Basis of Presentation of the Financial Statements (cont'd)

- 2.7 The New and Revised Turkish Accounting / Financial Reporting Standards (cont'd):
- ii) Standards issued but not yet effective and not early adopted (cont'd)

Amendments to TAS 1- Classification of Liabilities as Current and Non-Current Liabilities

In January 2020 and January 2023, POA issued amendments to TAS 1 to specify the requirements for classifying liabilities as current or non-current. According to the amendments made in January 2023 if an entity's right to defer settlement of a liability is subject to the entity complying with the required covenants at a date subsequent to the reporting period ("future covenants"), the entity has a right to defer settlement of the liability even if it does not comply with those covenants at the end of the reporting period. In addition, January 2023 amendments require an entity to provide disclosure when a liability arising from a loan agreement is classified as non-current and the entity's right to defer settlement is contingent on compliance with future covenants within twelve months. This disclosure must include information about the covenants and the related liabilities. The amendments clarified that the classification of a liability is unaffected by the likelihood that the entity will exercise its right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. The amendments are effective for periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024. The amendments must be applied retrospectively in accordance with TAS 8. Early application is permitted. However, an entity that applies the 2020 amendments early is also required to apply the 2023 amendments, and vice versa.

The amendments are not applicable for the Group and will not have an impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

Amendments to TAS 8 - Definition of Accounting Estimates

In August 2021, POA issued amendments to TAS 8, in which it introduces a new definition of 'accounting estimates'. The amendments issued to TAS 8 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023. The amendments clarify the distinction between changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies and the correction of errors. Also, the amended standard clarifies that the effects on an accounting estimate of a change in an input or a change in a measurement technique are changes in accounting estimates if they do not result from the correction of prior period errors. The previous definition of a change in accounting estimate specified that changes in accounting estimates may result from new information or new developments. Therefore, such changes are not corrections of errors. This aspect of the definition was retained by the POA. The amendments apply to changes in accounting policies and changes in accounting estimates that occur on or after the start of the effective date. Earlier application is permitted.

The amendments are not applicable for the Group and will not have an impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

Amendments to TAS 1 - Disclosure of Accounting Policies

In August 2021, POA issued amendments to TAS 1, in which it provides guidance and examples to help entities apply materiality judgements to accounting policy disclosures. The amendments issued to TAS 1 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023. In the absence of a definition of the term 'significant' in TFRS, the POA decided to replace it with 'material' in the context of disclosing accounting policy information. 'Material' is a defined term in TFRS and is widely understood by the users of financial statements, according to the POA. In assessing the materiality of accounting policy information, entities need to consider both the size of the transactions, other events or conditions and the nature of them. Examples of circumstances in which an entity is likely to consider accounting policy information to be material have been added.

The amendments are not applicable for the Group and will not have an impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

2. Basis of Presentation of the Financial Statements (cont'd)

2.7 The New and Revised Turkish Accounting / Financial Reporting Standards (cont'd):

ii) Standards issued but not yet effective and not early adopted (cont'd)

Amendments to TAS 12 - Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction

In August 2021, POA issued amendments to TAS 12, which narrow the scope of the initial recognition exception under TAS 12, so that it no longer applies to transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences. The amendments issued to TAS 12 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023. The amendments clarify that where payments that settle a liability are deductible for tax purposes, it is a matter of judgement (having considered the applicable tax law) whether such deductions are attributable for tax purposes to the liability recognised in the financial statements (and interest expense) or to the related asset component (and interest expense). This judgement is important in determining whether any temporary differences exist on initial recognition of the asset and liability. The amendments apply to transactions that occur on or after the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented, a deferred tax asset (provided that sufficient taxable profit is available) and a deferred tax liability for all deductible and taxable temporary differences associated with leases and decommissioning obligations should be recognized.

The amendments are not applicable for the Group and will not have an impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

Amendments to TFRS 16 - Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback

In January 2023, POA issued amendments to TFRS 16. The amendments specify the requirements that a seller-lessee uses in measuring the lease liability arising in a sale and leaseback transaction, to ensure the seller-lessee does not recognise any amount of the gain or loss that relates to the right of use it retains. In applying requirements of TFRS 16 under "Subsequent measurement of the lease liability" heading after the commencement date in a sale and leaseback transaction, the seller lessee determines 'lease payments' or 'revised lease payments' in such a way that the seller-lessee would not recognise any amount of the gain or loss that relates to the right of use retained by the seller-lessee. The amendments do not prescribe specific measurement requirements for lease liabilities arising from a leaseback. The initial measurement of the lease liability arising from a leaseback may result in a seller-lessee determining 'lease payments' that are different from the general definition of lease payments in TFRS 16. The seller-lessee will need to develop and apply an accounting policy that results in information that is relevant and reliable in accordance with TAS 8. A seller-lessee applies the amendments to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024. Earlier application is permitted. A seller-lessee applies the amendments retrospectively in accordance with TAS 8 to sale and leaseback transactions entered into after the date of initial application of TFRS 16.

The amendments are not applicable for the Group and will not have an impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

2. Basis of Presentation of the Financial Statements (cont'd)

2.8 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Financial Instruments:

Financial Assets

The Company measures financial assets other than trade receivables that do not have an important financing component at their fair value when first recognized in financial statements. In the event that trade receivables do not have an important financing component in accordance with TFRS 15 (or Company prefers simplyfing implementation), these receivables are initially measured at the transaction cost(In accordance with TFRS 15).

Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets (other than financial assets at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial, as appropriate, on initial recognition.

The Company classifies its financial assets as (a) Business model used for managing financial assets, (b) financial assets subsequently measured at amortised cost, at fair value through other comprehensive income or at fair value through profit or loss based on the characteristics of contractual cash flows. The Company reclassifies all financial assets effected from the change in the business model it uses for the management of financial assets. The reclassification of financial assets is applied prospectively from the reclassification date. In such cases, no adjustment is made to gains, losses (including any gains or losses of impairment) or interest previously recognized in the financial statements.

Financial Assets Measured At Amortised Cost

Financial instruments that meet the following conditions are measured subsequently at amortised cost:

- (a) The financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows;
- (b) The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.
 - Interest income on financial assets carried at amortized cost is calculated using the effective interest method. The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. This income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset:
- (a) Credit-impaired financial assets when purchased or generated. For such financial assets, the Company applies the effective interest rate on the amortized cost of a financial asset based on the loan from the date of the recognition in the financial statements.
- (b) Non-financial assets that are impaired at the time of acquisition or generation but subsequently become a financial asset that has been impaired. For such financial assets, the Company applies the effective interest rate to the amortized cost of the asset in the subsequent reporting periods.

When the contractual cash flows of a financial asset are renegotiated or otherwise modified and the renegotiation or modification does not result in the derecognition of that financial asset, the Company recalculates the gross carrying amount of the financial asset and recognises a modification gain or loss in profit or loss.

The Group directly reduces the gross carrying amount of a financial asset when the Group has no reasonable expectations of recovering a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

2. Basis of Presentation of the Financial Statements (cont'd)

2.8 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

Financial Instruments (cont'd):

Financial Assets (cont'd)

Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Other Comperehensive Income

A financial asset is measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if both of the following conditions are met:

- (a) The financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets,
- (b) The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

A gain or loss on a financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income, except for impairment gains or losses and foreign exchange gains and losses, until the financial asset is derecognised or reclassified. When the financial asset is derecognised the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment. If the financial asset is reclassified out of the fair value through other comprehensive income measurement category, the Company accounts for the cumulative gain or loss that was previously recognised in other comprehensive income in consolidated financial statements. Interest calculated using the effective interest method is recognised in profit or loss.

At initial recognition, the Company may make an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument that is not held for trading.

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss

A financial asset shall be measured at fair value through profit or loss unless it is measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income.

The financial assets, which constitute derivative products that are not identified as an effective means of protection against financial risk, are also classified as financial assets whose fair value difference is reflected in profit or loss. Related financial assets are shown at their fair values, and the gains and losses resulting from the valuation are accounted in the income statement.

Impairment

The Company recognizes a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets that are measured at amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income.

The Company applies the impairment requirements for the recognition and measurement of a loss allowance for financial assets that are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. However, the loss allowance is recognised in other comprehensive income and does not reduce the carrying amount of the financial asset in the consolidated statement of financial position.

At each reporting date, the Company measures the loss allowance for a financial instrument at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on that financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

2. Basis of Presentation of the Financial Statements (cont'd)

2.8 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

Financial Instruments (cont'd):

Financial Assets (cont'd)

Impairment (cont'd)

If, at the reporting date, the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses except for purchased or originated credit impaired financial assets. For purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets, the Company only recognises the cumulative changes in lifetime expected credit losses since initial recognition as a loss allowance at the reporting date.

The Company measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses for trade receivables, contract assets and lease receivables that do not contain a significant financing component, which is referred as simplified approach.

Financial liabilities

At initial recognition, the Company measures a financial liability at its fair value plus or minus, in the case of a financial liability not at fair value through profit or loss, *transaction costs* that are directly attributable to the issue of the financial liability.

The Company classifies all financial liabilities as subsequently measured at amortised cost, except for:

- (a) financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss: Such liabilities, including *derivatives* that are liabilities, are subsequently measured at fair value.
- (b) financial liabilities that arise when a transfer of a financial asset does not qualify for derecognition or when the continuing involvement approach applies. If a transfer does not result in derecognition because the Company has retained substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the transferred asset, the Company continues to recognise the transferred asset in its entirety and recognises a financial liability for the consideration received. In subsequent periods, the Company recognises any income on the transferred asset and any expense incurred on the financial liability.
- (c) contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which TFRS 3 applies. Such contingent consideration is subsequently be measured at fair value with changes recognised in profit or loss.

The Company does not reclassify any financial liability.

Recognition and derecognition of financial assets and liabilities

The Company recognises a financial asset or a financial liability in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. The Company derecognises a financial asset when, and only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition. If a transfer of financial asset does not result in derecognition because the Company has retained substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the transferred asset, the Company will continue to recognise the transferred asset in its entirety and recognise a financial liability for the consideration received. In subsequent periods, the Company recognises any income on the transferred asset and any expense incurred on the financial liability.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

2. Basis of Presentation of the Financial Statements (cont'd)

2.8 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

Financial Instruments (cont'd):

Recognition and derecognition of financial assets and liabilities (cont'd)

The Company derecognizes a financial liability from its statement of financial position when, and only when, it is extinguished—i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

Related Parties:

A related party is a person or entity that is related to the entity that is preparing its financial statements.

- a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to a reporting entity if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the reporting entity,
 - (ii) has significant influence over the reporting entity; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the reporting entity or of a parent of the reporting entity.
- b) An entity is related to a reporting entity if any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) The entity and the reporting entity are members of the same group.
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment defined benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the reporting entity or an entity related to the reporting entity. If the reporting entity is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the reporting entity.
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - (vii) (A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

A related party transaction is a transfer of resources, services, or obligations between related parties, regardless of whether a price is charged.

Within the scope of this report, the Company shareholders, Alarko Holding A.Ş. and Alarko Holding Group Companies, their executive staff, and other companies controlled by or related to these companies are defined as related parties.

Inventories:

Inventories are valued at their restated acquisition cost; however, the expertise values creating basis for the fair values of unsold inventories and the contract totals of inventories of which sales contracts are signed during the current period are compared with the restated acquisition costs, and if the expertise value and the contract total are lower than the restated acquisition cost, provision is made for impairment within the frame of conditions stated in the "Impairment of Assets" section. Impairment loss is determined for all inventories separately. In cases where the conditions leading to the reduction of inventories to net realizable value have expired or there has been an increase in net realizable value due to changing economic conditions, the provision for impairment is canceled. The canceled amount is limited by the amount of impairment previously reserved.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

2. Basis of Presentation of the Financial Statements (cont'd)

2.8 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

Investment Properties:

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation, including property under construction for such purposes. Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at fair value. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment properties are included in the profit or loss in the year in which they arise.

An investment property is derecognized upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property is included in profit or loss in the period in which the property is derecognized.

Transfers are made to or from investment property only when there is a change in use. For a transfer from investment property that is measured at fair value to owner occupied property, the deemed cost for subsequent accounting is the fair value at the date of change in use. If owner occupied property becomes an investment property that is measured at fair value, the Company accounts for such property in accordance with the policy stated under property, plant and equipment up to the date of change in use.

No assets held under operating lease have been classified as investment properties.

Property, Plant and Equipments

Property, plant and equipnments are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment loss, if any. The acquisition values of intangible assets are considered in the restatement of intangible assets as at 31 December 2004. Additions made subsequent to 1 January 2005 are stated at their nominal values. Intangible assets are amortized by using straight-line method and estimated useful lives over their inflation-adjusted values and the nominal values of additions subsequent to 1 January 2005. Deprecaiton rates of assets are as below:

	Economic Lives
Buildings	40-50 Years
Land improvements	10 Years
Machinery, plant and equipment	4-5 Years
Furniture and fixtures	4 -16 Years
Other tangible assets	5 - Years

Repair and maintenance expenses are expensed when realized. In case the repair and maintenance expenses provide an increase or an observable development in tangible assets, they are capitalized.

In case the book value of a tangible asset is higher than the recoverable value, the book value is decreased to the recoverable amount.

The profit or loss arising from the sale of a tangible asset is determined by comparing the restated amount of the assets sold and the amount collected and reflected to the income or loss for the current period.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

2. Basis of Presentation of the Financial Statements (cont'd)

2.8 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

Intangible Assets

Intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment loss, if any. The acquisition values of intangible assets are considered in the restatement of intangible assets as at 31 December 2004. Additions made subsequent to 1 January 2005 are stated at their nominal values. Intangible assets are amortized over their inflationadjusted values and the nominal values of additions subsequent to 1 January 2005 over the rates stated below:

	Economic Lives
Leasehold improvements	2 – 33 Years
Rights	3 – 32 Years

Effect of Exchange Differences

Foreign Currency Balances and Transactions

The individual financial statements of each Group entity are presented in the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (its functional currency). The results and financial position of each entity are expressed in TL, which is the functional currency of the Company, and the presentation currency for the consolidated financial statements.

In preparing the financial statements of the individual entities, transactions in currencies other than TL (foreign currencies) are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated. Exchange differences arising due to translation from original currency to TL are recognized in the statemet of profit or loss in the relevant period.

Impairment of Intangible Assets Other Than Goodwill and Tangible Assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired. Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

2. Basis of Presentation of the Financial Statements (cont'd)

2.8 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

Impairment of Intangible Assets Other Than Goodwill and Tangible Assets (cont'd)

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

Deferred Tax

The deferred tax liability or asset is determined by calculating the tax effects of the temporary differences between the amounts of the assets and liabilities shown in the financial statements and the amounts considered in the legal tax base account, by taking into account the legal tax rates. While deferred tax liabilities are calculated for all taxable temporary differences, deferred tax assets consisting of deductible temporary differences are calculated provided that it is highly likely to benefit from such differences by obtaining taxable profit in the future. Such assets and liabilities are not recognized if the temporary difference related to the transaction that does not affect commercial or financial profit / loss is due to the first time the goodwill or other assets and liabilities are included in the financial statements (other than business combinations).

Deferred tax liabilities are calculated for all taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and affiliates and shares in business partnerships, except when the Company can control the disappearance of temporary differences and the likelihood that this difference will disappear in the near future. Deferred tax assets arising from taxable temporary differences associated with such investments and shares are calculated on the condition that it is highly probable to benefit from these differences by obtaining sufficient taxable profit in the near future and that the related differences are likely to disappear in the future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated over the tax rates (tax regulations) that are expected to be valid during the period when the assets will be realized or liabilities will be fulfilled and have been legalized or significantly legalized as of the balance sheet date. During the calculation of deferred tax assets and liabilities, the tax results of the methods that the Company predicted to recover its book value or fulfill its liabilities as of the balance sheet date are taken into account.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities, if there is a legal right to offset current tax assets and current tax liabilities, or if such assets and liabilities are associated with income tax collected by the same tax authority or if the Company intends to pay by netting the current tax assets and liabilities. deducted.

In the calculation of deferred tax liabilities and deferred tax assets related to investment properties, which are measured by using the fair value method, the book value of these assets is assumed to be fully recovered by sale if there is no contrary assumption. Contrary to the fact that the investment property is redeemable and the economic benefits to be obtained from investment properties are held within the framework of a business model that is intended to be used in time rather than the sales path. By examining the investment property portfolio of the Company, the Management of the Company believed that the economic benefits to be obtained from the investment properties of any investment property are not retained in accordance with the business model that is intended to be used in full time, rather than the way of sale. For this reason, management stated that the "sales" assumption stated in the amendments to TAS 12 does not express a contrary assumption. As a result, since the Company is not subject to any income tax from the sale of investment properties, the Company has not recognized any deferred tax amount related to the fair value change of the investment properties.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

2. Basis of Presentation of the Financial Statements (cont'd)

2.8 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Valuation Methods (cont'd)

Deferred Tax (cont'd)

Deferred tax has not been calculated since the Company's corporate income is exempted from Corporate Tax pursuant to Article 5 of the Corporate Tax Law.

Current Tax

According to Turkish tax legislation, legal or business centers institutions in Turkey, the corporation is subject to corporate tax.

In the Turkish tax system, financial losses can be offset by financial profits within the following five years, and it is not possible to offset earnings (retrospectively) from previous years.

Some amendments were made to the Corporate Tax Law No. 5520 with the "Law on the Amendment of the Law on Collection Procedure of Public Claims and Some Laws" dated April 15, 2021 and numbered 7316. Accordingly, the corporate tax rate, which is 20% in accordance with the temporary article 13 added to the Corporate Tax Law; It will be applied at the rate of 25% for corporate earnings in 2021 and 23% for corporate earnings in 2022. 15% income tax withholding is also calculated on the profit shares distributed in cash to full taxpayer real persons, non-resident real persons and institutions and tax-exempt institutions, whether due to the exception or not. On the other hand, if the profit distribution is made from the profits of 1998 and before, from the exempted profits of the years 1999, 2000, 2001 and 2002 or from the profits corresponding to the investment allowances with a withholding tax of 19.8%, no income tax withholding will arise. Income tax withholding is not calculated in profit distributions made by adding current year and previous year profits to the capital. On the other hand, there is no withholding tax on profit distributions made to fully liable corporations.

In addition, temporary tax is paid at the rate of 22% until 2020 and 25% from 2021 over the tax base declared in interim periods during the year to be deducted from corporate tax.

In the statement made by the Public Oversight, Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority on January 20, 2022, since the cumulative change in the general purchasing power of the last three years according to the Consumer Price Index (CPI) is 74.41%, TAS 29 Financial Inflationary Economies in 2021 financial statements. It has been stated that there is no need to make any adjustments within the scope of the Reporting Standard. In this respect, no inflation adjustment was made in accordance with TAS 29 while preparing the consolidated financial statements as of 31 December 2021.

The earnings of companies that are granted the Real Estate Investment Trust (REIT) status is exempt from Corporate Tax and provisional corporate tax as per the article 5, section 1, paragraph d/4 of the Corporate Tax Law nr 5520. On the other hand, as per the article 15, paragraph 3 of the Corporate Tax Law, the percentage of the income tax withholding required to be made over the earnings of these partnerships that are subject to exemption is currently zero in accordance with the Ministerial Council Decision nr 2010/14594 (nr 2003/6577 for 2008). For that reason, no tax calculation has been made in relation to the 31 December 2021 and 31 December 2020 accounting periods (Note 24).

Employee Benefits

Provision for Severance Payment:

Under Turkish law and union agreements, lump sum payments are made to employees retiring or involuntarily leaving the Group. Such payments are considered as being part of defined retirement benefit plan as per TAS 19 (Revised) Employee Benefits ("TAS 19").

The retirement benefit obligation recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position represents the present value of the defined benefit obligation. The actuarial gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

2. Basis of Presentation of the Financial Statements (cont'd)

2.8 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Valuation Methods (cont'd)

Employee Benefits (cont'd)

Profit-sharing and bonus plans:

The Company recognizes a liability and an expense for bonuses and profit-sharing, based on a formula that takes into consideration the profit attributable to the company's shareholders after certain adjustments. The group recognizes a provision where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

Revenue

Sales consist of sales revenue generated from real estate sold and rents received from property held for investment purposes. Sales are accounted for by the accrual principle, calculated over the fair value of prospect or realized income upon services provided, reliable determination of the income amount, and potential economic benefits to flow to the Company in relation to the subject transaction.

Rent income from investment properties

Rental income from real estates is accounted on an accrual basis linearly throughout the relevant lease agreement. If the Company has benefits for its tenants, they are recorded in a way to reduce rental income during the lease period.

Revenue from real estate sales

The real estate promised in accordance with the revenue contract is transferred to the customer and it is included in the financial statements when the performance obligation determined in the contract is fulfilled. When the control of the property is in the hands of the customer, the real estate is transferred.

Dividend and interest income:

Dividend income from investments is recognized when the shareholder's right to receive payment has been established (provided that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably).

Interest income from a financial asset is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Earnings per Share

Earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to ordinary shareholders by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period.

Companies in Turkey can increase their share capital through distributing shares (bonus shares) from retained earnings and differences arising from inflation adjustment of equity to their current shareholders. When calculating profit/(loss) per share, these bonus shares are recognized as issued shares. Therefore, the weighted average of shares used in the calculation of profit/(loss) per share is derived through retroactive application with respect to bonus shares.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

2. Basis of Presentation of the Financial Statements (cont'd)

2.8 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Valuation Methods (cont'd)

Events After the Reporting Period:

Events after the reporting period are those events that occur between the balance sheet date and the date when the financial statements are authorized for issue, even if they occur after an announcement related with the profit for the year or public disclosure of other selected financial information.

The Company adjusts the amounts recognized in its financial statements if adjusting events occur after the balance sheet date.

Assets Held for Sale:

Assets held for sale are classified as held for sale and depreciation is stopped when their carrying amount is recovered as a result of a sale transaction rather than through use. Assets held for sale are valued at the lower of their book values and their fair values less selling expenses.

Conditional Assets and Liabilities:

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation or a result of past events, it is probable that on outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made.

Contingent liabilities are assessed continually to determine whether an outflow of resources comprising economic benefits has become probable. If it becomes probable that an outflow of future economic benefits will be required for an item previously treated as a contingent liability, a provision is recognised in the financial statements of the period in which the change in probability occurs except in the extremely rare circumstances where no reliable estimate can be made.

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, the receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

Statement of Cash Flows

In the statement of cash flows, current period cash flows are classified as principal activities, investing activities, and financing activities, and reported accordingly.

Share Capital and Dividends

Common shares are classified as equity. Dividends on common shares are recognized in equity in the period in which they are approved and declared.

Supplementary note: Control of Compliance to Portfolio Limitations

The information provided in the said note (Note 33) is summarized information derived from financial statements as per the article 16 of the CMB Communiqué II-14.1 "Principles Regarding Financial Reporting on Capital Markets" and prepared within the frame of provisions related to compliance to portfolio limitations stated in the CMB Communiqué Serial III No 48.1 "Principles Regarding Real Estate Investment Trusts".

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

2. Basis of Presentation of the Financial Statements (cont'd)

2.9 Critical Accounting Judgments and Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty

Fair values of investment properties

The basic assumptions of the appraisal reports used in the determination of the fair value of the immovables classified as investment properties in the financial statements are stated in Note 9. Valuations for 2022, 2021 and 2020 TSKB Gayrimenkul Değerleme A.Ş. made by The valuation of Bodrum Hotel, which was included in its portfolio in 2021, was made by Reel Gayrimenkul Değerleme A.Ş. made by Mosalarko Office Building was valued by Nexia Pacioli Consulting LLC in 2022, 2021 and 2020.

2.10 Significant changes in the current period

Necessary actions have been taken by the Company management to minimize the possible effects of COVID-19, which affects the whole world, on the Company's activities and financial status. Meanwhile, actions were taken by the Company to minimize investment expenditures and operational expenses, and its cash management strategy was revised to strengthen its liquidity position. No significant impact has been observed on the financial status of the company due to the epidemic.

While preparing its financial statements dated December 31, 2022, the company evaluated the possible effects of the COVID-19 outbreak on the financial statements and reviewed the estimates and assumptions used in the preparation of the financial statements. In this context, possible changes that may occur in the values of financial assets and investment properties included in the financial statements dated December 31, 2022 were analyzed and the necessary changes were reflected in the financial statements.

2.11 Business Combinations

The business combinations that took place within the accounting period of 1 January -31 December 2022 are as follows:

Alarko Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş., Marksistskaya Sok., No.16, 109147 Moscow / Russian Federation, which is the parent of 50% of the Mosalarko OJSC company, which is the parent company of the real estate only real estate, Alarko Holding A.Ş. purchased from . The purchase of the said share was registered in the Moscow Trade Registry of the Russian Federation on January 27, 2022.

	31 January 2022
	Net assets
Cash and cash equivalents	6.274.379
Receivables	1.222.507
Inventories	82.747
Prepaid expenses	301.587
Current tax assets	2.811.146
Investment properties	206.410.966
Tangible assets	5.110.034
Trade payables	(121.511)
Other payables	(15.006.812)
Tax charge	(105.044)
Deferred tax liabilities	(33.668.094)
Value of net assets	173.311.905
Total ownership rate of the Group	%100
Group's share of net assets acquired	173.311.905
Past year purchase price	(58.579.468)
Purchase price	(108.023.200)
The effect of mergers involving undertakings or businesses under common control	(166.602.668)

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

2. Basis of Presentation of the Financial Statements (cont'd)

2.11 Business Combinations (cont'd)

The business combination that took place within the accounting period of 1 January – 31 December 2021 is as follows:

Marksistskaya Sok., No.16, 109147 Moscow / Russian Federation, the owner of the real estate, Mosalarko OJSC company, whose activity is only real estate, was valuated and according to the report prepared as a result of the valuation, 40% of this company was purchased for \$6,000,000. The purchase of the said share was registered in the Moscow Trade Registry of the Russian Federation on May 11, 2021.

	31 May 2021
	Net assets
Cash and cash equivalents	7.464.588
Receivables	555.415
Prepaid expenses	583.263
Current tax assets	2.112.566
Investment properties	126.201.737
Tangible assets	107.078
Trade payables	(246.810)
Other payables	(5.261.175)
Tax charge	(410.546)
Deferred tax liabilities	(20.064.696)
Value of net assets	111.041.420
Total ownership rate of the Group	%100
Group's share of net assets acquired	111.041.420
Past year purchase price	(9.105.268)
Purchase price	(49.474.200)
The effect of mergers involving undertakings or businesses under	(58.579.468)
common control	

The business combination that took place before 2020 is as follows:

	31 December 2020
	Net assets
Cash and cash equivalents	6.224.901
Receivables	696.188
Prepaid expenses	537.896
Current tax assets	2.766.841
Investment properties	107.831.455
Tangible assets	97.463
Trade payables	(53.525)
Other payables	(5.465.826)
Tax charge	(1.249.594)
Deferred tax liabilities	(16.891.149)
Value of net assets	94.494.650
Total ownership rate of the Group	%60
Group's share of net assets acquired	56.696.790
Mosalarko nominal capital amount	1.651.436
Amount allocated to non-controlling shares from nominal capital	(660.574)
Purchase price	(10.096.130)
The effect of mergers involving undertakings or businesses under common control	(9.105.268)

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

3. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The details of the cash and cash equivalents as at 31 December 2022, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	31 December	31 December	31 December
	2022	2021	2020
Cash at banks	222.367.350	127.973.453	14.309.081
TL Time deposits (*)	102.078.292	57.159	195.480
TL Demand deposits	117.231.012	123.734.801	7.890.112
Foreign currency demand deposit	3.058.046	4.181.493	6.223.489
Mutual funds	2.291.503	314.672	1.624.750
Cash	7.500	2.264	1.412
Total (Note 26 (i))	224.666.353	128.290.389	15.935.243

^(*) As of 31 December 2022, the interest rate of US Dollar deposits with a maturity of 10 January 2023 and 16 January 2023 in banks is 2.50% and 3.50%. The interest rate of Ruble deposits with a maturity of 28 January 2023 is 5% and the accrued interest amount is 201.066 TL (31). As of December 2021, the interest rate of USD time deposits in banks is 1.25% and 0.05%, the accrued interest amount is 9.788 TL, as of 31 December 2020 the interest rate is 1.35% and the accrued interest amount is 4.958).

The Company has no blocked deposits at banks as of 31 December 2022, 2021 and 2020.

4. Financial Assets

As of 31 December 2022, 2021 and 2020, breakdown of the Company's financial assets is as follows:

Short-term financial assets disclosed at amortized cost:

	31 December 2022			31 December 2021			31 December 2020		
Currency	Book Value (TL)	Interest Rate	Maturity	Book Value (TL)	Interest Rate	Maturity	Book Value (TL)	Interest Rate	Maturity
US Dollar	17.249.930	%2,88	22 March 2023	386.747.440	%3,12	26 September 2022	624.052.058	%3,12	30 March 2021
US Dollar	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.503.363	%3,12	26 September 2021
Total	17.249.930			386.747.440			625.555.421		

Short-term financial assets disclosed at fair value:

	31 December 2022			31 December 2021			31 December 2020		
Currency	Book Value (TL)	Interest Rate	Maturity	Book Value (TL)	Interest Rate	Maturity	Book Value (TL)	Interest Rate	Maturity
US Dollar	20.359.354	%3,18	10 February 2023	8.737.109	%3,18	10 February 2022	4.811.670	%3,18	10 August 2021
Total	20.359.354			8.737.109			4.811.670		

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

4. Financial Assets (cont'd)

Long-term financial assets disclosed at amortized cost:

	31 December 2022			31 December 2021			31 December 2020		
Currency	Book Value (TL)	Interest Rate	<u>Maturity</u>	Book Value (TL)	Interest Rate	Maturity	Book Value (TL)	Interest Rate	Maturity
						26			26
US Dollar	292.292.368	% 2,88	22 March 2024	_	_	September 2022	24.152.136	%3,12	September 2022
Total	292.292.368	70 2, 00				_0	24.152.136	700,12	_0

Long-term financial assets disclosed at fair value:

	31 December 2022			31 December 2021			31 December 2020		
Currency	Book Value (TL)	Interest Rate	Maturity	Book Value (TL)	Interest Rate	Maturity	Book Value (TL)	Interest Rate	Maturity
US Dollar Total	304.107.832 304.107.832	%3,18	10 August 2024	127.540.148 127.540.148	%3,18	10 August 2024	76.832.536 76.832.536	%3,18	10 August 2024

As of 31 December 2022, financial assets shown at amortized cost and fair value consist of Eurobonds with coupon payments dated 10 February 2023, 22 March 2023, 22 March 2024 and 10 August 2024 (31 December 2021 - 10 February 2022, 26 September). Eurobond with coupon payment dated 2022 and 10 August 2024, Eurobond with coupon payment dated 31 December 2020 - 30 March 2021, 10 August 2021, 26 September 2021, 26 September 2022 and 10 August 2024).

The Company converts the Eurobonds it holds under a business model that aims to collect contractual cash flows, at amortized cost, to convert the Eurobonds it holds under a business model that aims to collect contractual cash flows and sell the financial asset at fair value through profit or loss. recognized as a recognized financial asset.

Financial Assets of which fair value difference reflected on Other Comprehensive Income:

	31 Decem	ber 2022	31 Decem	ber 2021	31 December 2020		
	Participation	Amount	Participation	Amount	Participation	Amount	
	Rate (%)	(TL)	Rate (%)	(TL)	Rate (%)	(TL)	
Alsim Alarko Sanayi Tesisleri							
ve Tic. A.Ş.(*)	_	1.312	-	1.312	-	1.553	
Alarko Enerji A.Ş. (*)	-	241	-	241	-	-	
Alarko Konut Projeleri Geliştirme A.Ş.(*)	_	143	_	143	_	143	
Alarko Holding A.Ş.		-					
(*)	-	97.084.884	-	14.539.054	-	10.205.753	
Total		97.086.580	-	14.540.750		10.207.449	

^(*) Participation rate is lower than 1%.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

4. Financial Assets (cont'd)

The participation amount in Alarko Holding A.Ş. is valued at the best purchase price among the current orders pending in Borsa İstanbul A.Ş., which is estimated to approach its fair value as of 31 December 2022, 2021 and 2020. Increases or decreases due to fair value valuation are followed under "Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Expenses That Will Not Be Reclassified in Profit or Loss" under Equity account in the financial statements. As of 31 December 2020, a value increase of 8.944.298 TL and a value increase of 4.333.301 TL as of 31 December 2021 resulted in a total value increase of 13.277.599 TL. Accordingly, as a result of TL 13,277,599 increase in value as of 31 December 2021, and 82,545,830 TL increase in value as of 31 December 2022, the total value increase was 95,823,429 TL. (Note 16 (c)).

Alarko Housing Projects Development Inc., Alarko Energy A.Ş. and Alsim Alarko Industry Facilities and Trade. A.Ş. has been valued at adjusted cost values since it does not have a quoted price in an organized market and its fair value cannot be determined reliably.

1- Alcen Energy Distribution and Retail Sales Services Inc. included in the balance sheet of Alsim Alarko Sanayi Tesisleri ve Tic A.Ş. 2- Altek Alarko Power Plants Facility Management and Trade Inc. 3- Alen Alarko Energy Trade Inc. 4- Meram Electricity Distribution Inc. 5- On 5 February 2021, Alarko Energi A.Ş. transferred to.

5. Borrowings

Total (Note 26(ii))

As of 31 December 2022, 2021 and 2020, Company's short-term borrowings are as follows:

	31 December 2022	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
Short term portion of long-term liabilities	11.901.067	-	-
Short term lease liability	2.276.511	2.276.511	2.276.511
Total (Note 26(ii))	14.177.578	2.276.511	2.276.511
As of 31 December 2022, 2021 and 2020, Compa	ny's long-term borrowin	ngs are as follows:	
	31 December 2022	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
Long term liabilities	113.445.877	_	-
Long term lease liability	-	2.088.541	4.004.635

In order to be used in the financing of the investment of the tourism facility in Muğla Province, Bodrum District, Gündoğan Mevkii, which is in the company portfolio, Turkey Development and Investment Bank A.Ş. The contract was signed on 30 November 2022 for the use of a loan amounting to TL 624.000.000, with a maturity of 10 years, with a grace period of 2 years.

113.445.877

2.088.541

4.004.635

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

5. Borrowings (cont'd)

As of 31 December 2022, 2021 and 2020, the maturity dates and interest rates of short-term financial debts are as follows:

31 December 2022				
		Effective		
	Maturity	interest rate	Currency	Amount
Bank loans	15.03.2023 - 15.12.2023	%10,00	TL	11.901.067
Lease liabilities	25.02.2023	%9,00	TL	2.276.511
Total				14.177.578
31 December 2021				
		Effective		
	Maturity	interest rate	Currency	Amount
Lease liabilities	25.02.2022	%9,00	TL	2.276.511
Total				2.276.511
31 December 2020				
		Effective		
	Maturity	interest rate	Currency	Amount
Lease liabilities	25.02.2021	%9,00	TL	2.276.511
Total				2.276.511
31 December 2022				
		Effective		
	Maturity	interest rate	Currency	Amount
Bank loans	15.03.2024 - 15.12.2032	% 10,00	TL	113.445.877
Total				113.445.877
31 December 2021				
		Effective		
	Maturity	interest rate	Currency	Amount
Lease liabilities	25.02.2023	%9,00	TL	2.088.541
Total				2.088.541
31 December 2020				
	24	Effective	<u> </u>	
Lease liabilities	Maturity 25.02.2022 - 25.02.2023	interest rate %9,00	Currency TL	Amount 4.004.635
		,.		
Total				4.004.635

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

5. Borrowings (cont'd)

As of 31 December 2022, 2021 and 2020, the distribution of short and long-term financial liabilities according to their maturities is as follows:

		Lease		Lease		Lease
	Bank Loans	liabilities	Bank Loans	liabilities	Bank Loans	liabilities
	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December
	2022	2022	2021	2021	2020	2020
						_
Within 1 year	11.901.067	2.276.511	-	2.276.511	-	2.276.511
1-2 Years	13.935.941	-	-	2.088.541	-	2.088.541
2-3 Years	20.684.330	-	-	-	-	1.916.094
3-4 Years	17.675.667	-	-	-	-	-
4 years and above	61.149.939	-	-	-	-	-
Total	125.346.944	2.276.511	-	4.365.052	-	6.281.146

Movement tables of financial liabilities as of 31 December 2022, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	Bank Loans	Lease liabilities	Total
Opening balance, January 1, 2022	=	4.365.052	4.365.052
Used amounts	124.800.000	=	124.800.000
Interest accruals	610.699	617.476	1.228.175
Principle payments	=	(2.293.235)	(2.293.235)
Interest payments	-	(412.782)	(412.782)
Effective interest rate effect	(63.755)	-	(63.755)
Closing balance, 31 December 2022	125.346.944	2.276.511	127.623.455
	Bank Loans	Lease liabilities	Total
Opening balance, January 1, 2021	-	6.281.146	6.281.146
Interest accruals	-	998.011	998.011
Principle payments	-	(2.293.235)	(2.293.235)
Interest payments	-	(620.870)	(620.870)
Closing balance, 31 December 2021	-	4.365.052	4.365.052
	Bank Loans	Lease liabilities	Total
Opening balance, January 1, 2020	-	8.037.671	8.037.671
Interest accruals	-	1.362.274	1.362.274
Principle payments	-	(2.293.235)	(2.293.235)
Interest payments	-	(825.564)	(825.564)
Closing balance, 31 December 2020	-	6.281.146	6.281.146

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

6. Trade Receivables and Payables

The details of the Company's trade receivables as of 31 December 2022, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	31 December 2022	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
Trade receivables	2.165.613	1.191.317	1.035.634
Trade receivables from related parties (Note 25(a))	155.685.980	140.472.759	25.006.214
Total (Note 26(i))	157.851.593	141.664.076	26.041.848

The average collection period on trade receivable is between 5 - 10 days (2021 and 2020: 5 - 10 days).

As of 31 December 2022, 2021 and 2020, there is no doubtful receivable provision.

The details of the Company's trade payables as of 31 December 2022, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	31 December 2022	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
Trade receivables	15.563.751	7.591.689	6.389.999
Trade receivables from related parties (Note 25(a))	1.383.971	397.156	4.744
Total (Note 26(ii))	16.947.722	7.988.845	6.394.743

The average turnover day for trade payables is 15 days (2021 and 2020: 15 days).

7. Other Receivables and Payables

The details of the Company's other receivables as of 31 December 2022, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	31 December	31 December	31 December
	2022	2021	2020
Deposits and guarantees given	118.156	75.584	63.984
Total (Note 26(i))	118.156	75.584	63.984

The details of the Company's other short-term liabilities as of 31 December 2022, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	31 December 2022	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
VAT Payables	18.152.847	15.886.153	1.571.656
Other taxes	9.357.282	3.041.736	2.299.016
Other miscellaneous liabilities	72.624	3.342.664	45.706
Total (Note 26(ii))	27.582.753	22.270.553	3.916.378

The details of the Company's other long-term liabilities as of 31 December 2022, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	31 December 2022	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
Deposits and guarantees received	13.451.046	8.020.262	5.625.029
Total (Note 26(ii))	13.451.046	8.020.262	5.625.029

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

8. Inventories

As of 31 December 2022, 2021 and 2020, inventories consist of real estate held for trading as detailed below:

	31 December 2022			31 December 2021			31 December 2020					
	Restated Book Value	Sales Value	Expertise Value	Expertise	Restated Book Value	Sales Value	Expertise Value	Expertise	Restated Book Value	Sales Value	Expertise Value	Expertise
	(TL)	(TL)	(TL)	Date	(TL)	(TL)	(TL)	Date	(TL)	(TL)	(TL)	Date
Land in Büyükçekmece												
Land Cost (3 Parcel Lots)	3.271.735	-	333.840.000	29.12.2022	3.271.735	-	114.715.000	27.12.2021	3.271.735	-	88.520.000	29.12.2020
Raw Materials And Supplies Inventories	65.938	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	3.337.673		333.840.000		3.271.735		114.715.000		3.271.735		88.520.000	

<u>Land in Büyükçekmece</u>: There are 3 parcels of land with a total area of 622.651 m². According to the valuation reports dated 29 December 2022, 27 December 2021 and 29 December 2020, the market approach and income approach (discounted cash flow) were used in determining the appraisal value, and the market approach was taken into account from these methods.

As of 31 December 2022, 2021 and 2020, the Company's real estate held for trading have been valued by TSKB Gayrimenkul Değerleme A.Ş.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

9. Investment Properties

Investment properties are as given below:

Fair Value	Investment Properties
As of 1 January 2021	1.143.051.455
Additions (*)	3.336.557
Purchase of investment property (**)	448.641.137
Foreign currency translation differences	92.413.466
Net gain from fair value adjustments (Note 20)	715.293.200
As of 31 December 2021	2.402.735.815
As of 1 January 2022	2.402.735.815
Additions (*)	18.466.232
Additions (***)	57.443.858
Sales of Investment Property (****)	(19.075.000)
Foreign currency translation differences	105.230.504
Net gain from fair value adjustments (Note 20)	2.339.259.171
As of 31 December 2022	4.904.060.580

As of 31 December 2022, 2021 and 2020, the total insurance amount on investment properties is 915.212.007 TL, 855.309.827 TL and 370.900.402 TL, respectively (Note 31).

(****) At the meeting of the Board of Directors at the company headquarters on September 27, 2022; Slider for the independent sections 1-2-3-4 of Alarko-DİM Business Center located in Istanbul Province, Beyoğlu District, Evliyaçelebi Mahallesi, Şimal Kuytu Street, block 299, parcel no. 29, over 39.640.000 TL + VAT. It was unanimously decided to sell it to Gayrimenkul Yatırım A.Ş. The title deed transfer transactions regarding the said sale were completed on 30 September 2022, and the entire sale price of 39.640.000 TL+VAT was collected. Sales profit of TL 20,565,000 resulting from the sale is shown in other income from main operations in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

As of 31 December 2022, the market values of investment properties are as follows:

	31 December 2022				
Name of Real Estate	Date of Expertise Report	Market Value (TL)			
Hillside Beach Club Holiday Village	29 December 2022	2.619.180.000			
Bodrum Hotel	5 January 2023	1.166.245.000			
Etiler Alkent Sitesi – Shops	29 December 2022	167.475.000			
Büyükçekmece Alkent 2000 – Shops	29 December 2022	32.705.000			
Eyüp Topçular – Factory	29 December 2022	205.315.000			
Ankara Çankaya Business Center	29 December 2022	21.815.000			
İstanbul Karaköy Business Center	29 December 2022	49.840.000			
Land in Maslak	29 December 2022	274.950.000			
Mosalarko Office Building	27 December 2022	366.535.580			
Total	-	4.904.060.580			

^(*) Investments made for Hillside Beach Club Holiday Village.

^(**) The title deed transactions of Bodrum Hotel, whose fair value is 429,000,000 TL, were completed as of 11 November 2021 and purchased for 422,875,000 TL, and an investment of 19,641,137 TL was made as of 31 December 2021

^(***) Investments made for Bodrum Hotel.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

9. Investment Properties (cont'd)

Total

As of 31 December 2022, the market values of investment properties are as follows:

Name of Real Estate	Valuation Methods Used	Basis of Valuation Method
Hillside Beach Club Holiday Village	Income Capitalization, Cost Analysis	Income Capitalization
Bodrum Hotel	Sales Comparison, Cost Analysis	Cost Analysis
Etiler Alkent Sitesi – Shops	Sales Comparison, Income Capitalization	Income Capitalization
Büyükçekmece Alkent 2000 – Shops	Sales Comparison, Income Capitalization	Income Capitalization
Eyüp Topçular – Factory	Sales Comparison, Cost Analysis	Cost Analysis
Ankara Çankaya Business Center	Sales Comparison, Income Capitalization	Sales Comparison
İstanbul Karaköy Business Center	Sales Comparison, Income Capitalization	Income Capitalization
Land in Maslak	Sales Comparison	Sales Comparison
Mosalarko Office Building	Sales Comparison, Income Capitalization	Averages

As of 31 December 2021, the market values of investment properties are as follows:

	31 December 20	021
Name of Real Estate	Date of Expertise Report	Market Value (TL)
Hillside Beach Club Holiday Village	27 December 2021	1.382.650.000
Bodrum Hotel	9 November 2021	429.000.000
Etiler Alkent Sitesi – Shops	27 December 2021	53.560.000
Büyükçekmece Alkent 2000 – Shops	27 December 2021	19.605.000
Eyüp Topçular – Factory	27 December 2021	109.145.000
Ankara Çankaya Business Center	27 December 2021	9.815.000
İstanbul Karaköy Business Center	27 December 2021	19.775.000
İstanbul Şişhane Business Center	27 December 2021	19.075.000
Land in Maslak	27 December 2021	127.995.000
Mosalarko Office Building	6 December 2021	212.474.678

As of 31 December 2021, the valuation methods used in determining the fair value of investment properties are as follows:

2.383.094.678

Name of Real Estate	Valuation Methods Used	Basis of Valuation Method
Hillside Beach Club Holiday Village	Income Capitalization, Cost Analysis	Income Capitalization
Bodrum Hotel	Sales Comparison, Cost Analysis	Cost Analysis
Etiler Alkent Sitesi – Shops	Sales Comparison, Income Capitalization	Income Capitalization
Büyükçekmece Alkent 2000 – Shops	Sales Comparison, Income Capitalization	Income Capitalization
Eyüp Topçular – Factory	Sales Comparison, Cost Analysis	Cost Analysis
Ankara Çankaya Business Center	Sales Comparison, Income Capitalization	Sales Comparison
İstanbul Karaköy Business Center	Sales Comparison, Income Capitalization	Income Capitalization
İstanbul Şişhane Business Center	Sales Comparison, Income Capitalization	Sales Comparison
Land in Maslak	Sales Comparison	Sales Comparison
Mosalarko Office Building	Sales Comparison, Income Capitalization	Averages

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

9. Investment Properties (cont'd)

As of 31 December 2020, the fair values of investment properties are as follows:

	31 December 2	020
Name of Real Estate	Date of Expertise Report	Market Value (TL)
Hillside Beach Club Holiday Village	29 December 2020	754.600.000
Etiler Alkent Sitesi – Shops	29 December 2020	43.300.000
Büyükçekmece Alkent 2000 – Shops	29 December 2020	15.050.000
Eyüp Topçular – Factory	29 December 2020	80.605.000
Ankara Çankaya Business Center	29 December 2020	8.895.000
İstanbul Karaköy Business Center	29 December 2020	15.480.000
İstanbul Şişhane Business Center	29 December 2020	13.000.000
Land in Maslak	29 December 2020	104.290.000
Mosalarko Office Building	18 January 2021	107.831.455
Total	-	1.143.051.455

As of 31 December 2020, the valuation methods used in determining the fair value of investment properties are as follows:

Name of Real Estate	Valuation Methods Used	Basis of Valuation Method
Hillside Beach Club Holiday Village	Income Capitalization, Cost Analysis	Income Capitalization
Etiler Alkent Sitesi – Shops	Sales Comparison, Income Capitalization	Income Capitalization
Büyükçekmece Alkent 2000 – Shops	Sales Comparison, Income Capitalization	Income Capitalization
Eyüp Topçular – Factory	Sales Comparison, Cost Analysis	Cost Analysis
Ankara Çankaya Business Center	Sales Comparison, Income Capitalization	Sales Comparison
İstanbul Karaköy Business Center	Sales Comparison, Income Capitalization	Income Capitalization
İstanbul Şişhane Business Center	Sales Comparison, Income Capitalization	Sales Comparison
Land in Maslak	Sales Comparison	Sales Comparison
Mosalarko Office Building	Sales Comparison, Income Capitalization	Averages

As of 31 December 2022, 2021 and 2020, the fair value of investment properties of Alarko Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş. is determined by TSKB Gayrimenkul Değerleme A.Ş. determined by. The valuation of Bodrum Hotel, which was included in its portfolio in 2021, was made by Reel Gayrimenkul Değerleme A.Ş. made by Mosalarko Office Building, one of the investment properties in 2022, 2021 and 2020, was valued by Nexia Pacioli Consulting LLC.

Main assumptions for sales comparison method of investment properties in related valuation reports and used by the Company are as follows:

	31 December	31 December	31 December
Precedent square meter value	2022	2021	2020
Land	14.500	6.750	5.500
Buildings	13.000-60.300	5.850 - 26.000	5.250 - 22.000

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

9. Investment Properties (cont'd)

As of 31 December 2022, 2021 and 2020 the fair value hierarchy of the Company's investment properties and the related assets are shown in the following table:

	31 December 2022	Level 1 TL	Level 2 TL	Level 3 TL
Hillside Beach Club Holiday Village	2.619.180.000	-	-	2.619.180.000
Bodrum Hotel	1.166.245.000		1.166.245.000	-
Etiler Alkent Sitesi – Shops	167.475.000	-	-	167.475.000
Büyükçekmece Alkent 2000 – Shops	32.705.000	-	-	32.705.000
Eyüp Topçular – Factory	205.315.000	-	205.315.000	-
Ankara Çankaya Business Center	21.815.000	-	21.815.000	-
İstanbul Karaköy Business Center	49.840.000	-	-	49.840.000
Land in Maslak	274.950.000	-	274.950.000	-
Mosalarko Office Building	366.535.580	-	-	366.535.580
Total	4.904.060.580	-	1.668.325.000	3.235.735.580
	31 December 2021	Level 1 TL	Level 2 TL	Level 3 TL
Hillside Beach Club Holiday Village	1.382.650.000	-	-	1.382.650.000
Bodrum Hotel	429.000.000		429.000.000	-
Etiler Alkent Sitesi – Shops	53.560.000	-	-	53.560.000
Büyükçekmece Alkent 2000 – Shops	19.605.000	-	-	19.605.000
Eyüp Topçular – Factory	109.145.000	-	109.145.000	-
Ankara Çankaya Business Center	9.815.000	-	9.815.000	-
İstanbul Karaköy Business Center	19.775.000	-	-	19.775.000
İstanbul Şişhane Business Center	19.075.000	-	19.075.000	-
Land in Maslak	127.995.000	-	127.995.000	-
Mosalarko Office Building	212.474.678	-	-	212.474.678
Total	2.383.094.678	-	695.030.000	1.688.064.678
	31 December 2020	Level 1 TL	Level 2 TL	Level 3 TL
Hillside Beach Club Holiday Village	754.600.000	- Level 1 IL	ECVCI 2 IE	754.600.000
Etiler Alkent Sitesi – Shops	43.300.000	_	_	43.300.000
Büyükçekmece Alkent 2000 – Shops	15.050.000	_	_	15.050.000
Eyüp Topçular – Factory	80.605.000	_	80.605.000	-
Ankara Çankaya Business Center	8.895.000	_	8.895.000	_
İstanbul Karaköy Business Center	15.480.000	_	-	15.480.000
İstanbul Şişhane Business Center	13.000.000	_	_	13.000.000
Land in Maslak	104.290.000	_	104.290.000	-
Mosalarko Office Building	107.831.455	-	-	107.831.455
Total	1.143.051.455	-	193.790.000	949.261.455

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

9. Investment Properties (cont'd)

The movement of investment properties valuated at level 3 from beginning of the period to end of the period is as follows:

	31 December 2022	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
Openning Balance	1.688.064.678	949.261.455	786.549.747
Total loss / gain - profit /loss projected	1.423.974.166	656.053.200	165.640.573
Foreign currency translation differences	105.230.504	92.413.466	2.694.253
Transfers (*)	-	(13.000.000)	(8.800.000)
Realized	18.466.232	3.336.557	3.176.882
Closing Balance	3.235.735.580	1.688.064.678	949.261.455

As of 31 December 2022, rental income from investment properties is 171.907.061 TL (31 December 2021 – 136.191.050 TL). Relevant rental income is presented as revenue in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income (Note 17).

10. Property, Plant and Equipments

As of 31 December 2022, property, plant and equipments are as follows:

Cost;

Opening 1 January 2022	Addition	Foreign currency translation differences	Closing 31 December 2022
4.216	_		4.216
2.172.146	7.446.513	973.791	10.592.450
27.373			27.373
2.203.735	7.446.513	973.791	10.624.039
4.216	-	-	4.216
2.015.142	551.417	462.679	3.029.238
27.373			27.373
2.046.731	551.417	462.679	3.060.827
157.004			7.563.212
	1 January 2022 4.216 2.172.146 27.373 2.203.735 4.216 2.015.142 27.373 2.046.731	1 January 2022 Addition 4.216 - 2.172.146 7.446.513 27.373 - 2.203.735 7.446.513 4.216 - 2.015.142 551.417 27.373 - 2.046.731 551.417	Opening 1 January 2022 Addition differences 4.216 - 2.172.146 7.446.513 973.791 27.373 - - 2.203.735 7.446.513 973.791 4.216 - - 2.015.142 551.417 462.679 27.373 - - 2.046.731 551.417 462.679

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

10. Property, Plant and Equipments (cont'd)

As of 31 December 2021, property, plant and equipments are as follows:

Cost;

	Opening 1 January 2021	Addition	Foreign currency translation differences	Closing 31 December 2021
Plant, Machinery and Equipment	4.216	-	-	4.216
Furniture and Fixture	1.399.215	-	772.931	2.172.146
Other Tangible Fixed Assets	27.373	-	-	27.373
Subtotal	1.430.804		772.931	2.203.735
Accumulated Depreciation;				
Plant, Machinery and Equipment	4.216	-	-	4.216
Furniture and Fixture	1.269.314	33.772	712.056	2.015.142
Other Tangible Fixed Assets	27.373			27.373
Subtotal (Note 19)	1.300.903	33.772	712.056	2.046.731
Net Book Value	129.901			157.004

As of 31 December 2020, property, plant and equipments are as follows:

Cost;

			Foreign	
			currency	Closing
	Opening		translation	31 December
	1 January 2020	Addition	differences	2020
Plant, Machinery and Equipment	4.216	-	-	4.216
Furniture and Fixture	1.358.377	10.710	30.128	1.399.215
Other Tangible Fixed Assets	27.373	-	-	27.373
Subtotal	1.389.966	10.710	30.128	1.430.804
Accumulated Depreciation;				
Plant, Machinery and Equipment	4.216	-	-	4.216
Furniture and Fixture	1.213.878	28.237	27.199	1.269.314
Other Tangible Fixed Assets	27.373	-	-	27.373
Subtotal	1.245.467	28.237	27.199	1.300.903
Net Book Value	144.499	-	-	129.901

All depreciation expenses are included in general administrative expenses.

As of 31 December 2022, 2021 and 2020, the total insurance amount on tangible fixed assets is TL 50.089.023, TL 34.169.749 and TL 19.005.977, respectively (Note 31).

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

11. Intangible Assets

As of 31 December 2022, intangible assets are as follows:

Cost;	Opening 1 January 2022	Addition	Disposal	Closing 31 December 2022
Rights Other Intangible Assets	63.470 289.271	1.138.556	<u>-</u>	63.470 1.427.827
Subtotal	352.741	1.138.556		1.491.297
Accumulated amortization;				
Rights	48.801	2.589	-	51.390
Other Intangible Assets	193.930	138.326		332.256
Subtotal (Note 19)	242.731	140.915		383.646
Net Book Value	110.010			1.107.651
As of 31 December 2021, intangible asse	ts are as follows:			
Cost;	Opening			Closing
	1 January 2021	Addition	Disposal	31 December 2021
Rights	58.156	5.314	-	63.470
Other Intangible Assets	204.427	84.844	-	289.271
Subtotal	262.583	90.158	-	352.741
Accumulated amortization;				
Rights	47.679	1.122	-	48.801
Other Intangible Assets	177.348	16.582	-	193.930
Subtotal (Note 20)	225.027	17.704	=	242.731
Net Book Value	37.556	-	-	110.010
As of 31 December 2020, intangible asse	ts are as follows:			
Cost;	Opening			Closing
<u>-</u>	1 January 2020	Addition	Disposal	31 December 2020
D'ale	50.156			50.154
Rights Other Intangible Assets	58.156 198.361	6.066	-	58.156 204.427
Subtotal	256.517	6.066		262.583
	230.317	0.000		202.303
Accumulated amortization;				
Rights	46.843	836	-	47.679
Other Intangible Assets	161.944	15.404	-	177.348
Subtotal (Note 20)	208.787	16.240	-	225.027
Net Book Value	47.730	-	-	37.556

All amortisation expenses are included in general administrative expenses.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

12. Provisions, Conditional Assets and Liabilities

a) As stated among the Company's inventories, investment properties and fixed asset accounts as of 31 December 2022, 2021 and 2020;

With regard to the shops located in Beşiktaş District, Etiler Alkent Site, with the journal number 6430 dated 14 October 1987, an easement right facility and 1 in some parts, in favor of the Company's 1411 parcel 1 and against 1408 parcel 1, in favor of central heating facilities, There is an easement right for 49 years for a price of 7.72 TL to pass the 5 m wide canal belonging to the heating facilities.

Besides, there is a personal right of easement for the owners of the property on section 1410 parcel 1 to benefit from the unused parking lot as stated in the project against the same parcel by voucher dated 26 February 1992 nr 784.

b) The guarantees, securities, and mortgages given by the Company in the name of its own corporate body are as follows:

Collateral/pledge/mortgage ("CPM") given by the Company	31 December 2022	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
A. CPMs given for Company's own legal personality	1.454.103.750	3.109.847	2.861.467
B. CPMs given on behalf of fully consolidated companies	-	-	-
C. CPMs given in the normal course of business activities on behalf of third	-	-	-
parties D. Total amount of other CPMs			
i. Total amount of CPMs given on behalf of the parent	-	-	-
ii. Total amount of CPMs given to on behalf of other Group companies which	-	-	-
are not in scope of B and C iii. Total amount of CPMs given on			
behalf of third parties which are not in scope of C	-	-	-
Total	1.454.103.750	3.109.847	2.861.467

As of 31 December 2022, 2021 and 2020, the ratio of other CPM's given by the Company to equity is 0%.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

12. Provisions, Conditional Assets and Liabilities (cont'd)

c) The total amount of guarantee letters and notes received by the Company in each period are given below:

	31 December	31 December	31 December
	2022	2021	2020
Guarantee notes received	1.623.583	1.184.640	700.005
Guarantee letters received	119.155.410	894.000	690.060
Bails received	1.872.000.000	-	-
Total	1.992.778.993	2.078.640	1.390.065

- d) There are not any receivables in Company records that are due and not collected; thus no provision made for such receivables.
- e) As of 31 December 2022, there are no significant cases against the company that will cause cash outflows. The neighborhood where Hillside Beach Club Holiday Village is located in Fethiye District of Muğla is exempted from the real estate tax for 5 years due to the fact that it has left the status of the village as a neighborhood according to the law numbered 6360. However, Municipality of Fethiye accrues annual real estate tax. Therefore, an annulment action was filed for the Real Estate Tax which was accrued. The case has been concluded in favor of the company and is at the stage of appeal. In addition, the Company has 2 other ongoing lawsuits, and there is no uncertainty in their legal processes, so the Company's management does not expect any cash outflows related to these lawsuits. For this reason, no provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

13. Employee Benefits

According to the Labor Law, the Company has completed one year and is subject to Article 25/II of the Law. It is obliged to pay severance pay for its personnel who have been dismissed from the company, called for military service, married and quit the job within one year (for women), retired or died without the justified reasons stated in the article. The compensation to be paid is one month's salary for each year worked, and this amount is limited to 15,371.40 TL for each year of service as of 31 December 2022 (31 December 2021 - 8,284.51 and 31 December 2020 - 7,117,17 TL).

Severance pay liability is not legally subject to any funding. The provision for severance pay is calculated by estimating the present value of the future probable obligation of the Company arising from the retirement of the employees. TAS 19 Employee Benefits requires the company's liabilities to be developed using actuarial valuation methods within the scope of defined benefit plans. Accordingly, the actuarial assumptions used in the calculation of total liabilities are as follows:

The main assumption is that the maximum liability amount for each year of service will increase in line with inflation. Therefore, the discount rate applied represents the expected real rate after adjusting for the effects of future inflation. Therefore, provisions in the accompanying financial statements as of 31 December 2022 are calculated by estimating the present value of the future probable obligation arising from the retirement of the employees. Provisions at the relevant balance sheet dates are calculated using the real discount rate, which is approximately 0.49%, based on the assumptions of an annual inflation rate of 8.80% and a discount rate of 9.34% (31 December 2021: 3.61%). Voluntary dismissal rates are also taken into account as 100% for those working for 0-15 years, and 0% for those working for 16 years or more. The maximum amount of 19.982.83 TL effective from 1 January 2023 has been taken into account in the calculation of the severance pay provision of the Company (1 January 2022: 10,848.59 TL).

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

13. Employee Benefits (cont'd)

Short term provisions are as follows:

	31 December 2022	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
Payables Arising from Employee Benefits	2.911.262	94.050	72.635
Total	2.911.262	94.050	72.635
Long term provisions are as follows:			
	31 December 2022	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
Retirement Pay Provision	739.834	306.835	217.655
Vacation Pay Provision	291.355	130.573	102.829
Total	1.031.189	437.408	320.484
Retirement Pay Provision;			
		1 January-	1 January-
	31 I	December 2022	31 December 2021
Provision for retirement pay at the beginning of the p	eriod	306.835	217.655
Service cost		58.662	47.318
Interest cost		28.658	26.812
Retirement pay paid		-	(22.926)
Actuarial loss/(gain)		345.679	37.976
Provision for retirement pay at the period-end		739.834	306.835
Unused Vacation Provision:			
		1 January-	1 January-
	31	December 2022	31 December 2021
Provision for unused vacations at the beginning of the	e period	130.573	102.829
Increase/(decrease) during the period		160.782	27.744
Provision for unused vacations at the period-end		291.355	130.573

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

14. Prepaid Expenses

Short term prepaid expenses are as follows:

	31 December 2022	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
Advances given to subcontractors	58.731.359	-	-
Advances given	158.587	90.238	459.175
Prepaid expenses	970.818	1.273.336	794.077
Total	59.860.764	1.363.574	1.253.252
Long term prepaid expenses are as follows:			
	31 December 2022	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
Prepaid expenses	379.691	-	-
Total	379.691		
15. Assets held for Sale			
Assets held for sale are as follows:			
	31 December 2022	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
Tangible assets	106.496	2.184.129	-
Total	106.496	2.184.129	

Tangible assets with a net book value of TL 106,496 were acquired during the purchase of Bodrum Hotel and were classified as non-current assets held for sale as of 31 December 2022.

16. Equity

a) Paid-in capital

As of 31 December 2022, 2021 and 2020, the registered capital of the Company is 150.000.000 TL and its issued and paid-in capital is 64.400.000 TL. The capital of the Company has been issued and consists of 6,440,000,000 shares, each with a nominal value of 1 Kr. The details of the company's shareholding structure are stated in Note 1.

b) Capital adjustment differences

As of 31 December 2022, 2021 and 2020, the difference arising from the adjustment of the nominal capital for inflation amounts to TL 963,372.

c) Financial assets value increase fund

Investment in Alarko Holding A.Ş. is based on the stock price which is the current best bid at the Istanbul Stock Exchange which is expected to approach its fair value as of 31 December 2022, 2021 and 2020. The Company monitors the increases and decreases which arise from fair value recognition under "Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income and Expenses Not to be Reclassified in Profit or Loss" in the Shareholder's Equity account in the financial statements. Accordingly, as of 31 December 2022, 2021 and 2020 there is a value increase of TL 82.545.830, TL 4.333.301 and TL 3.161.179 respectively, of which is stated in the "Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income and Expenses to be Reclassified in Profit or Loss" account (Note 4).

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

16. Equity (cont'd)

d) Restricted profit reserves

As of 31 December 2022, the restricted profit reserves consist of legal reserves amounting to TL 69.176.253 (31 December 2021 – TL 48.297.464 TL and 31 December 2020 – TL 40.977.695).

Legal reserves, which are divided as First Legal Reserve and Second Legal Reserve as per the Turkish Commercial Code, are appropriated as below:

- a) I. Legal Reserve: Appropriated out of net profit at the rate of 5% until such reserve is equal to 20% of issued and fully paid capital.
- b) II. Legal Reserve: Appropriated out of net profit at the rate of 10% of distributions after providing for First Legal Reserve and an amount equal to 5% of capital as dividends.

Legal reserves which do not exceed one half of share capital may only be used to absorb losses or for purposes of continuity of the business in times of business difficulties and to prevent unemployment or lessen its effects.

e) Retained Earnings/(Accumulated Losses):

Breakdown of retained earnings / (accumulated losses) is as follows:

	31 December 2022	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
Extraordinary reserves Prior Years' Profit	1.720.776.462 1.139.159.601	1.412.064.891 308.711.571	1.044.522.113 367.542.778
Total	2.859.936.063	1.720.776.462	1.412.064.891

Alarko Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş. At the Ordinary General Assembly Meeting held on March 29, 2022; From the period profit of 1,261,477,309 TL in the financial statements of 2021; Since the amount of the first order general legal reserves allocated in the previous years reached the legal ceiling, the donations of 850.000 TL made during the year were added to the first order general legal reserves, and 106.260.000 TL of the net distributable profit for the period was added to the shareholders as dividends. It has been decided to distribute it in cash, to set aside a second order general legal reserve amounting to TL 10,304.000 over the dividend to be distributed, to add the remaining amount to the extraordinary reserves, and to start the dividend distribution on April 25, 2022. In the dividend distribution transaction, the dividend receivables of the registered shares traded in Borsa Istanbul will be transferred to Takasbank A.Ş. transferred to their free accounts.

f) Treasury Stocks (-)

In line with the CMB's statements of 21 July 2016 and 25 July 2016, on 4 October 2018, the Company Management set maximum funds for the purpose of protecting the interests of all stakeholders, especially its small stakeholders, and contributing to healthy price formation, considering that the share price does not reflect the real performance of the Company's activities. decided to determine the amount of 10.000.000 TL to be covered from internal resources and to determine the maximum share amount that may be subject to share repurchase as nominal value of 200.000 TL. Share purchase has been completed on October 15, 2018. Within the scope of this repurchase program; 9.999.981 TL of purchase was made for 199.609 shares, and the ratio of repurchased shares in the company capital is 1.874%.

The Company Management has decided to purchase shares on October 18, 2018 It decided to determine the maximum fund amount as 15.000.000 TL to be covered from internal resources and to determine the maximum share amount that may be subject to share repurchase as nominal value of 275.000 TL. Within the scope of this repurchase program; purchases amounting to 14.999.964 TL, corresponding to 273.566 shares, have been made, and the ratio of repurchased shares in the company capital is 2.569%.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

16. Equity (cont'd)

f) Treasury Stocks (-) (cont'd)

The Company Management took another share purchase decision on 29 August 2022. It has been decided to determine the maximum amount of funds to be covered by internal resources as 37,000,000 TL and to determine the maximum amount of shares that may be subject to share repurchase with a nominal value of 1,000,000 TL. Within the scope of the said buyback program; 3,363,164 TL corresponding to 86,450 shares on 2 September 2022, 1,731,655 TL corresponding to 43,750 shares on 6 September 2022, 236,053 TL corresponding to 3,639 shares on 17 November 2022 and 28 December 2022. Purchases amounting to 9,964,652 TL, corresponding to 122,500 shares, were made, and the total rate of these repurchased shares in the company's capital is 0,398%. As of 31 December 2022, the total of purchases from the company's internal resources is 40,295,469 TL, which corresponds to 3,117,390 shares. and its share in the Company's capital is 4,841%. The Company has reserved reserves equal to the repurchase price of the repurchased shares and classified them as restricted reserves set aside from profit under equity.

The Company has shown 40,295,469 TL paid in connection with the repurchase of shares in the "Repurchased Shares (-)" account. Dividends falling on the repurchased shares are shown in the repurchased shares account. From the shares bought back 24,999,945 TL in 2019, 1,201,865 TL, 1,802,462 TL in 2020, 2,231,620 TL in 2021, 4,720,735 TL in 2022 are deducted and 15,295,524 TL repurchase amount is added to 31 December 2022. As of the date of the transaction, it was 30,338,787 TL. (31 December 2021 - 19.763.998 TL and 31 December 2020 - 21.995.618 TL)

17. Sales and Cost of Sales

18.

Sales revenues are as follows:		
	1 January-	1 January-
_	31 December 2022	31 December 2021
Rental income	171.907.061	136.191.050
Total =	171.907.061	136.191.050
Cost of sales are as follows:		
	1 January-	1 January-
-	31 December 2022	31 December 2021
Cost of services rendered	3.931.158	1.543.441
_ 	3.931.158	1.543.441
General Administrative Expenses		
General administrative expenses are as follows:		
	1 January-	1 January-
_	31 December 2022	31 December 2021
General administrative expenses	38.396.112	18.272.201
Total	38.396.112	18.272.201

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

19.

18. General Administrative Expenses (cont'd)

General administrative expenses consist of the following:

	1 January-	1 January-
_	31 December 2022	31 December 2021
Personnel expenses (Note 19)	12.264.333	5.845.396
Financial consultancy and audit expenses	3.030.875	149.248
Outsourced repair work and services	4.890.186	1.868.490
Rent expenses	1.335.937	762.717
Construction and Joinery Maintenance and Repair Expenses	1.855.309	1.951.445
Bank expenses	337.092	350.493
Public and professional association participation expense	265.185	223.027
Depreciation and amortization expenses (Note 10,11)	692.332	51.476
Legal consultancy expenses	133.650	54.000
Other consultancy expenses	244.696	357.419
Taxes, duties, and fees	7.194.292	3.205.322
Security Service Expense	994.317	480.009
Other Expense	1.482.877	1.332.224
External benefits	1.952.326	1.024.715
Other	1.722.705	616.220
Oulei	1.722.703	010.220
Total	38.396.112	<u>18.272.201</u>
Expenses by Nature		
Depreciation and amortisation expenses consist of the following:		
	1 January-	1 January-
	31 December 2022	31 December 2021
-		
Property, plant and equipment (Note 10)	551.417	33.772
Intangible Assets (Note 11)	140.915	17.704
Total	692.332	<u>51.476</u>
Expenses related to employee benefits are as follows:		
	1 January-	1 January-
_	31 December 2022	31 December 2021
Wages and salaries	11.127.520	5.437.652
Personnel transportation expenses	114.127	25.490
Personnel retirement pay	-	22.926
Personnel catering expenses	76.288	14.844
Personnel health expenses	13.095	10.177
Other personnel expenses	933.303	334.307
Total	12.264.333	<u>5.845.396</u>

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

20. Other Operating Income / (Expenses)

Other operating income consists of the following:

		1 January- 31 December 2022	1 January- 31 December 2021
	Foreign exchange gains from operations	258.991.760	420.770.446
	Increase on fair values of investment properties (Note 9)	2.339.259.171	715.293.200
	Interest income	43.511.124 20.565.000	41.463.596
	Gain on sale of investment property Turkish Ministry of Environment and Forestry– Rental Expense	10.889.837	5.471.226
	Turkish Ministry of Environment and Forestry– Rental Expense Turkish Ministry of Environment and Forestry– Land appropriation	804.863	590.942
	Gain on sale of other marketable securities	1.077.598	390.942
	Income from maturity differences	532.546	39.512
	Income from real estate other than rental income	199.883	90.389
	Rediscount interest income	15.755	1.198
	Other	1.800.726	12.532
	Other	1.000.720	12.332
	Total	2.677.648.263	1.184.036.167
(Other operating expenses consist of the following:		
		1 January-	1 January-
		31 December 2022	31 December 2021
	Foreign exchange losses from operations	11.388.761	20.219.592
	Turkish ministry of environment and forestry – Rental Provision	13.197.978	7.496.253
	Loss on net realizable value of financial investments	13.677.322	-
	Foundation donations	1.500.000	850.000
	Turkish ministry of environment and forestry – Land appropriation	804.863	590.942
	Rediscount interest expenses	297.663	15.755
	Other	1.319.380	1.166.025
	Total	42.185.967	30.338.567
21. <u>I</u>	ncome and Expense from Investing Operations		
I	ncome from investing operations consists of the following:		
		1 January-	1 January-
		31 December 2022	31 December 2021
	Gain on sale of tangible assets	2.284.556	_
	Dividends received	272.321	163.591
		2.556.877	163.591

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

21. Income from Investing Operations (cont'd)

Expense from investing operations consists of the following:

		31 December 2022	31 December 2021
	Loss on sale of tangible assets	1.425.091	-
	Total	1.425.091	<u>-</u>
22.	Financing Expenses		
	Financing expenses are as follows:		
		1 January- 31 December 2022	1 January- 31 December 2021
	Short-term financing expenses	617.476	998.011

23. Tax Assets and Liabilities

Total

a) Current income tax

In Turkey, the corporation tax rate for 2022 is 23% (2021 - 25%). This rate is applicable to the tax base derived upon exemptions and deductions stated in the tax legislation through addition of disallowable expenses to the commercial revenues of the companies with respect to the tax legislation.

617.476

998.011

Taxation of the Operations of the Foreign Subsidiary

In the accompanying consolidated financial statements, the tax rate is used as 20% as of 31 December 2022, 2021 and 2020 for the period tax and deferred tax calculations for the foreign subsidiary Mosalarko A.O, which is consolidated with the full consolidation method.

The tax income and expenses included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income are summarized below:

	1 January- 31 December 2022	1 January- 31 December 2021
Current tax Deferred tax (income)/expense (Note 23 (b))	1.967.488 9.647.798	548.707 2.391.491
Total	<u>11.615.286</u>	<u>2.940.198</u>

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

23. Tax Assets and Liabilities (cont'd)

The current period corporate tax calculation is as follows:

	31 December 2022	31 December 2021
Due Sit / (Leas) hafe us ton	2765 556 207	1 260 220 550
Profit/ (Loss) before tax	2.765.556.397	1.269.238.558
Local tax rate	%23	%25
Tax expense calculated over the tax rate	636.077.971	317.309.640
Deductable expenses and other additions	-	1.097.126
Exempted earnings and other discounts (*)	(623.520.150)	(315.369.327)
Impact of changes in tax rates	(942.535)	(97.241)
Total tax expense	11.615.286	2.940.198

^(*) Real Estate Investment Trust's earnings for the period are shown as other discounts.

b) Deferred tax assets and liabilities

For Mosalarko A.O, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for temporary timing differences arising from the differences between tax base financial statements and financial statements prepared in accordance with TFRS. These differences are generally due to the fact that some income and expense items take place in different periods in tax base financial statements and financial statements prepared in accordance with TFRS, and these differences are stated below. The tax rate used in the calculation of deferred tax assets and liabilities is 20% over temporary timing differences.

Deferred tax assets, liabilities, income and expenses and temporary differences that form the basis of deferred tax calculations are as follows:

Temporary income / (expense) differences

	Accumula	ted temporary				
		differences			Deferred tax ass	sets / liabilities
	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December
	2022	2021	2020	2022	2021	2020
Tax assets						
Usable financial losses	42.127.515	39.506.690	23.375.710	8.425.503	7.901.338	4.675.142
Tax liabilities						
Investment properties	(366.535.580)	(212.474.678)	(107.831.455)	(73.307.116)	(42.494.936)	(21.566.291)
Deferred tax liabilities, net				(64.881.613)	(34.593.598)	(16.891.149)
				1 January -	1 Ja	anuary -
				31 December 2022	31 Decemb	per 2021
Prior period deferred tax	liability			(34.593.598)	(16.8	91.149)
Deferred tax (expense) /	income (Note 23 (a	a))		(9.647.798)	(2.3	91.491)
Other comprehensive inc	come / (expense)			(20.640.217)	(15.3	10.958)
Total			<u> </u>	(64.881.613)	(34.5	93.598)

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

24. Earnings per Share

Calculation of earnings/(loss) per share is calculated as follows:

<u>.</u>	1 January- 31 December 2022	1 January- 31 December 2021
Profit / (loss) for the year	2.753.941.111	1.266.298.390
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the reporting period	64.400.000	64.400.000
(per share of TL 1 nominal value)		
Treasury stock (-)	(2.905.430)	(2.861.051)
Earnings / (loss) per share (TL)	44,7835	20,5772
Lamings / (1055) per share (1L)	44,7633	20,3772

25. Related Party Disclosures

	31 December	er 2022
	Receivables	Payables
Balances with related parties	Current- Trading	Current- Trading
Attaş Alarko Turistik Tesisler A.Ş.	155.983.643	753.822
Less: Deferred income	(297.663)	-
Alarko Holding A.Ş.	-	453.405
Alsim Alarko San. Tes. ve Tic A.Ş.	-	95.101
Alarko Carrier San. ve Tic. A.Ş.	<u>-</u>	81.643
Total (Note 6)	155.685.980	
	31 December	er 2021
	Receivables	Payables
Balances with related parties	Current- Trading	Current- Trading
Attaş Alarko Turistik Tesisler A.Ş.	140.487.380	214.319
Less: Deferred income	(15.755)	-
Alarko Holding A.Ş.	-	180.225
Alarko Carrier San. ve Tic. A.Ş.	1.134	2.612
Total (Note 6)	140.472.759	397.156
	31 December	er 2020
	Receivables	Payables
Balances with related parties	Current- Trading	Current- Trading
Attaş Alarko Turistik Tesisler A.Ş.	25.007.412	-
Less: Deferred income	(1.198)	-
Alarko Holding A.Ş.	- -	2.898
Alarko Carrier San. ve Tic. A.Ş.	-	1.846

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

25. Related Party Disclosures (cont'd)

b) Sales to / purchases from related parties are as follows:

The details of transactions with related parties on a company basis are as follows:

	1 January - 31 December 2022				
	Goods	Service	Other		
Transactions with related parties	Purchases	Purchases	Purchases	Other Sales	
Attaş Alarko Turistik Tes. A.Ş.	18.466.232	8.560.647	4.350.744	129.464.857	
Alarko Carrier San. ve Tic. A.Ş.	-	69.189	-	1.200.000	
Alarko Holding A.Ş.	1.138.557	785.347	555.694	-	
Alsim Alarko San. Tes. ve Tic. A.Ş.	-	425.130	-	-	
Total	19.604.789	9.840.313	4.906.438	130.664.857	
		1 January - 31 Dece	ember 2021		
	Goods	Service	Other		
Transactions with related parties	Purchases	Purchases	Purchases	Other Sales	
Attaş Alarko Turistik Tes. A.Ş.	3.336.557	196.626	290.790	113.221.653	
Alarko Carrier San. ve Tic. A.Ş.	-	-	25.140	1.670.077	
Alarko Holding A.Ş.	90.158	321.734	823.733	-	
T-4-1	3 426 715	518 360	1 139 663	114.891.730	
Total	3.426.715	518.360	1.139.663	114.89	

As of 31 December 2022, 2021 and 2020, there are no doubtful receivables arising from related parties.

As of 31 December 2022 and 2021, the salaries and similar remuneration provided to top management amounts to TL 2.670.582 TL and TL 1.412.748, gross, respectively.

26. Nature and Level of Risks Arising from Financial Instruments

Financial instruments and financial risk management

Due to the nature of its operations, the Company is exposed to various financial risks including the effects of changes in foreign exchange rates and interest rates on debt and capital market prices. The Company's total risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets, and aims to minimize its potential negative impact on the Company's financial performance.

Risk management is implemented within the frame of the following policies:

i. Credit Risk

The collection risk of the Company is basically attributed to its trade receivables. Trade receivables are valued by the Company management taking into account the past experiences and the current economic outlook; and they are recognized in the statement of financial position, net, after provisions for doubtful receivables are made when necessary.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

26. Nature and Level of Risks Arising from Financial Instruments (cont'd)

i. Credit Risk (cont'd)

As of 31 December 2022, maturity and guarantee structure of the Company's receivables and cash and cash equivalents consist of the following:

	Receivables					
	Trade Receivables		Other Receivables			
31 December 2022	Related Parties	<u>Other</u>	Related Parties	<u>Other</u>	Deposits at Banks	Cash and Cash Equivalents
Maximum credit risk exposed as of balance sheet date (A+B+C+D) (1) (Note 3, 6 and 7)	155.685.980	2.165.613	-	118.156	222.367.350	2.291.503
- Secured portion of the maximum credit risk by guarantees	-	-	-	-	-	-
A. Net book value of financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired (2) (Note 3, 6 and 7)	155.685.980	2.165.613	-	118.156	222.367.350	2.291.503
B. Terms are re-negotiated,, otherwise accepted as overdue or impaired financial assets' fair value	-	-	-	-	-	-
C. Net book value of financial assets that are overdue but not impaired (3)	-	-	-	-	-	-
D. Net book value of the impaired assets	-	-	-	-	=	-
- Past due (gross amount) (Note 6)	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Impairment (-) (Note 6)	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Secured portion of the net book value by guarantees, etc	-	-	-	-	-	-
E. Off-balance sheet items include credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-

- (1) In determining the credit amounts, factors that increase credit reliability, i.e. the guarantees received, are not taken into consideration.
- (2) No impairment or credit risk is anticipated in relation to the financial assets that are not overdue or impaired.
- (3) As the overdue financial assets that are not impaired have short term maturities, they are not expected to create impairment loss in the future either.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

26. Nature and Level of Risks Arising from Financial Instruments (cont'd)

i. Credit Risk (continued)

As of 31 December 2021, maturity and guarantee structure of the Company's receivables and cash and cash equivalents consist of the following:

	Receivables					
	Trade Recei	<u>ivables</u>	Other Receiva	ables		
31 December 2021	Related Parties	<u>Other</u>	Related Parties	<u>Other</u>	Deposits at Banks	Cash and Cash Equivalents
Maximum credit risk exposed as of balance sheet date (A+B+C+D) (1) (Note 3, 6 and 7)	140.472.759	1.191.317	-	75.584	127.973.453	314.672
- Secured portion of the maximum credit risk by guarantees	-	16.066	-	-	-	-
A. Net book value of financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired (2) (Note 3, 6 and 7)	140.472.759	1.191.317	-	75.584	127.973.453	314.672
B. Terms are re-negotiated,, otherwise accepted as overdue or impaired financial assets' fair value	-	-	-	-	-	-
C. Net book value of financial assets that are overdue but not impaired (3)	-	-	-	-	-	-
D. Net book value of the impaired assets - Past due (gross amount) (Note 6)	-	-	-	-	-	-
- I ast due (gross amount) (Note 6) - Impairment (-) (Note 6)	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Secured portion of the net book value by guarantees, etc	-	-	-	-	-	-
E. Off-balance sheet items include credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-

⁽¹⁾ In determining the credit amounts, factors that increase credit reliability, i.e. the guarantees received, are not taken into consideration.

⁽²⁾ No impairment or credit risk is anticipated in relation to the financial assets that are not overdue or impaired.

⁽³⁾ As the overdue financial assets that are not impaired have short term maturities, they are not expected to create impairment loss in the future either.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

26. Nature and Level of Risks Arising from Financial Instruments (cont'd)

i. Credit Risk (continued)

As of 31 December 2020, maturity and guarantee structure of the Company's receivables and cash and cash equivalents consist of the following:

	Receivables					
	Trade Rece	<u>ivables</u>	Other Receive	ibles		
31 December 2020	Related Parties	<u>Other</u>	Related Parties	Other	Deposits at Banks	Cash and Cash Equivalents
Maximum credit risk exposed as of balance sheet date (A+B+C+D) (1) (Note 3, 6 and 7)	25.006.214	1.035.634	-	63.984	14.309.081	1.624.750
- Secured portion of the maximum credit risk by guarantees	-	23.305	-	-	-	-
A. Net book value of financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired (2) (Note 3, 6 and 7)	25.006.214	1.035.634	-	63.984	14.309.081	1.624.750
B. Terms are re-negotiated,, otherwise accepted as overdue or impaired financial assets' fair value	-	-	-	-	-	-
C. Net book value of financial assets that are overdue but not impaired (3)	-	-	-	-	-	-
D. Net book value of the impaired assets - Past due (gross amount) (Note 6) - Impairment (-) (Note 6)	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
- Secured portion of the net book value by guarantees, etc E. Off-balance sheet items include credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-

⁽¹⁾ In determining the credit amounts, factors that increase credit reliability, i.e. the guarantees received, are not taken into consideration.

⁽²⁾ No impairment or credit risk is anticipated in relation to the financial assets that are not overdue or impaired.

⁽³⁾ As the overdue financial assets that are not impaired have short term maturities, they are not expected to create impairment loss in the future either.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

26. Nature and Level of Risks Arising from Financial Instruments (cont'd)

i. Credit Risk (continued)

As of 31 December 2022, 2021 and 2020, there are no receivables overdue but not impaired.

ii. Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk arises during funding of the Company operations and management of the open position. Liquidity risk comprises the risk of not funding the operations at an appropriate maturity and rate and also the risk of not liquidating an asset at a reasonable price in an appropriate time frame.

The following table shows the maturity breakdown of the Company's non-derivative short term financial liabilities as of 31 December 2022, 2021 and 2020:

31 December 2022		Total				
Contract Terms	Carrying Value	Contracted Cash Outflows (I+II+III)	Less than 3 months (I)	3 to 12 months (II)	1 to 5 years (III)	More than 5 years
Payables due to bank loans						
(Note 5)	125.346.944	200.504.090	3.108.460	9.498.073	92.175.516	95.722.041
Payables due to leasing	2.276.511	2.293.235	2.293.235			
operations (Note 5) Trade payables to related	2.270.311	2.293.233	2.293.233	-	-	-
parties (Note 6)	1.383.971	1.383.971	1.383.971	-	-	_
Other trade payables (Note						
6)	15.563.751	15.563.751	15.563.751	-	-	-
Other payables (Note 7)	41.033.799	41.033.799	27.582.753	-	13.451.046	
Total	185.604.976	260.778.846	49.932.170	9.498.073	105.626.562	95.722.041

31 December 2021 Contract Terms	<u>Carrying</u> <u>Value</u>	Total Contracted Cash Outflows (I+II+III)	Less than 3 months (I)	3 to 12 month <u>s (II)</u>	1 to 5 years (III)	More than 5 years
Payables due to leasing operations (Note 5) Trade payables to related	4.365.052	4.586.470	2.293.235	-	2.293.235	-
parties (Note 6)	397.156	397.156	397.156	-	-	-
Other trade payables (Note 6)	7.591.689	7.591.689	7.591.689	-	-	-
Other payables (Note 7)	30.290.815	30.290.815	22.270.553	-	8.020.262	
Total	42.644.712	42.866.130	32.552.633	-	10.313.497	<u>-</u>

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

26. Nature and Level of Risks Arising from Financial Instruments (cont'd)

<u>31 December 2020</u>		<u>Total</u> Contracted		3 to 12	<u>1 to 5</u>	
Contract Terms	<u>Carrying</u> <u>Value</u>	Cash Outflows (I+II+III)	Less than 3 months (I)	month s (II)	vears (III)	More than 5 years
Payables due to leasing operations (Note 5) Trade payables to related	6.281.146	6.879.703	2.293.235	-	4.586.468	-
parties (Note 6)	4.744	4.744	4.744	-	-	
Other trade payables (Note 6)	6.389.999	6.389.999	6.389.999	-	-	-
Other payables (Note 7)	9.541.407	9.541.407	3.916.378	-	5.625.029	-
Total _	22.217.296	22.815.853	12.604.356	-	10.211.497	_

iii. Market Risk

Market risk is the risk of encountering a fluctuation in the fair value of a financial asset or in future cash flows arising from changes in market prices which may lead to a negative impact on the entity. The standard market risk factors are foreign exchange rates, interest rates, and commodity prices.

iv. Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk stems from the change in the value of a financial instrument depending on a change in foreign exchange rate. The Company may face foreign currency risk because of its foreign currency denominated receivables and payables. The Company continuously monitors the said risk and takes the necessary precautions. The main foreign currencies constituting the said risk is USD.

The Company's net foreign currency position as of 31 December 2022 is 866.119.726 TL (31 December 2021 - 760.523.409 TL, 31 December 2020 - 763.514.912 TL). A 10% increase in exchange rates will increase the Company's profit by 86,611,973 TL, while a 10% decrease will decrease it by 86,611,973 TL.

Foreign currency position

On "totals" basis;

Net foreign currency position (A-B)	866.119.726	760.523.409	763.514.912
B. Foreign currency liabilities	3.144.523	2.325.011	1.410.617
A. Foreign currency assets	869.264.249	762.848.420	764.925.529
	31 December 2022	2021	31 December 2020

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

26. Nature and Level of Risks Arising from Financial Instruments (cont'd)

iv. Foreign Currency Risk (cont'd)

Foreign Currency Position (cont'd)

Breakdown on foreign currency basis;

	31 December 2022		
	TL Amount (Functional Currency)	US Dollar	
1. Trade Receivables	128.407.490	6.867.335	
2a. Monetary Finacial Assets	144.456.559	7.725.652	
2b. Non-monetary Financial Assets	-	-	
3. Other	272.964.040	14 502 007	
4. CURRENT ASSETS	272.864.049	14.592.987	
5. Trade Receivables6a. Monetary Finacial Assets	596.400.200	31.895.959	
6b. Non-monetary Financial Assets	390.400.200	31.693.939	
7. Other	-	-	
8. NON-CURRENT ASSETS	596.400.200	31.895.959	
9. TOTAL ASSETS	869.264.249	46.488.946	
10. Trade Payables	-	-	
11. Financial Liabilities	-	-	
12a. Monetary Other Liabilities	-	-	
12b. Non-Monetary Other Liabilities			
13. CURRENT LIABILITIES	-	-	
14. Trade Payables	-	-	
15. Financial Liabilties	-	-	
16a. Monetary Other Liabilities	3.144.523	167.869	
16b. Non-Monetary Other Liabilities			
17. NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	3.144.523	167.869	
18. TOTAL LIABILITIES	3.144.523	167.869	
19. Net Foreign Currency Assets/Liabilities Position (9-18)	866.119.726	46.321.077	
20. Monetary Items Net Foreign Currency Assets / Liabilities			
position (1+2a+5+6a-10-11-12a-14-15-16a)	866.119.726	46.321.077	

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

26. Nature and Level of Risks Arising from Financial Instruments (cont'd)

iv. Foreign Currency Risk (cont'd)

Foreign Currency Position (cont'd)

Breakdown on foreign currency basis;

	31 December	2021
	TL Amount (Functional Currency)	US Dollar
1. Trade Receivables	115.681.352	8.678.922
2a. Monetary Finacial Assets	519.219.350	38.984.689
2b. Non-monetary Financial Assets	-	-
3. Other	-	_
4. CURRENT ASSETS	635.308.272	47.663.611
5. Trade Receivables	-	_
6a. Monetary Finacial Assets	127.540.148	9.568.621
6b. Non-monetary Financial Assets	-	-
7. Other		
8. NON-CURRENT ASSETS	127.540.148	9.568.621
9. TOTAL ASSETS	762.848.420	57.232.232
10. Trade Payables	-	-
11. Financial Liabilities	-	-
12a. Monetary Other Liabilities	-	-
12b. Non-Monetary Other Liabilities		
13. CURRENT LIABILITIES	-	-
14. Trade Payables	-	-
15. Financial Liabilties	-	-
16a. Monetary Other Liabilities	2.325.011	174.119
16b. Non-Monetary Other Liabilities	-	<u> </u>
17. NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	2.325.011	174.119
18. TOTAL LIABILITIES	2.325.011	174.119
19. Net Foreign Currency Assets/Liabilities Position (9-18)		
	760.523.409	57.058.113
20. Monetary Items Net Foreign Currency Assets / Liabilities		
position (1+2a+5+6a-10-11-12a-14-15-16a)	760.523.409	57.058.113

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

26. Nature and Level of Risks Arising from Financial Instruments (cont'd)

iv. Foreign Currency Risk (cont'd)

Foreign Currency Position (cont'd)

Breakdown on foreign currency basis;

	31 December 2020		
	TL Amount (Functional Currency)	US Dollar	
	<u>currency</u>)	CD Donai	
1. Trade Receivables	19.545.830	2.662.738	
2a. Monetary Finacial Assets	644.395.027	87.786.258	
2b. Non-monetary Financial Assets	-	-	
3. Other	-	-	
4. CURRENT ASSETS	663.940.857	90.448.996	
5. Trade Receivables	-	-	
6a. Monetary Finacial Assets	100.984.672	13.757.193	
6b. Non-monetary Financial Assets	-	-	
7. Other			
8. NON-CURRENT ASSETS	100.984.672	13.757.193	
9. TOTAL ASSETS	764.925.529	104.206.189	
10. Trade Payables	-	-	
11. Financial Liabilities	-	-	
12a. Monetary Other Liabilities	-	-	
12b. Non-Monetary Other Liabilities	-		
13. CURRENT LIABILITIES	-	-	
14. Trade Payables	-	-	
15. Financial Liabilties	-	-	
16a. Monetary Other Liabilities	1.410.617	192.169	
16b. Non-Monetary Other Liabilities			
17. NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	1.410.617	192.169	
18. TOTAL LIABILITIES	1.410.617	192.169	
19. Net Foreign Currency Assets/Liabilities Position (9-18)			
	763.514.912	104.014.020	
20. Monetary Items Net Foreign Currency Assets / Liabilities			
position (1+2a+5+6a-10-11-12a-14-15-16a)	763.514.912	104.014.020	

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

26. Nature and Level of Risks Arising from Financial Instruments (cont'd)

iv. Currency Risk (cont'd)

Foreign currency position sensitivity analysis as of 31 December 2022, 2021 and 2020 is as follows:

	31 December 2022 Profit / Loss		31 December 2021 Profit / Loss		31 December 2020 Profit / Loss	
	Appreciation of foreign Currency	Depreciation of foreign Currency	Appreciation of foreign Currency	Depreciation of foreign Currency	Appreciati on of foreign Currency	Depreciation of foreign Currency
In case of US Dolar incre 1 - US Dolar net	eases in 10% agains	st TL				
asset/liability 2- US Dolar hedges (-)	86.611.973	(86.611.973)	76.052.341	(76.052.341)	76.351.491 -	(76.351.491)
3- Net effect of US Dollar (1+2)	86.611.973	(86.611.973)	76.052.341	(76.052.341)	76.351.491	(76.351.491)
TOTAL	86.611.973	(86.611.973)	76.052.341	(76.052.341)	76.351.491	(76.351.491)

v. Interest Risk

The Company's operations are exposed to the risk of changes in interest rates when interest-sensitive assets and liabilities are amortized or repriced at different times or amounts. The said interest rate risk is managed by natural measures that occur by balancing interest rate sensitive assets and liabilities. The loan agreement of the Company has a fixed interest rate and its maturity is 10 years.

Fixed rate financial instruments

	31 December 2022	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
Lease Liability (Dipnot 5)	2.276.511	4.365.052	6.281.146
Bank Loans (Dipnot 5)	125.346.944	-	-
Total	127.623.455	4.365.052	6.281.146

vi. Share Price Risk

The Company is exposed to the stock price risk caused by the price changes that may occur in the stocks in its portfolio. As of 31 December 2022, if there is a 10% increase/decrease in the best purchase price among the current orders pending in Borsa Istanbul used in the valuation of these stocks, and all other variables are kept constant, the Company will have a direct net effect on equity without affecting profit/loss. would have been TL 9.708.488 lower/higher (31 December 2021 – 1.453.905 TL, 31 December 2020 – 1.020.575 TL) (Note: 4).

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

26. Nature and Level of Risks Arising from Financial Instruments (cont'd)

vii. Capital Risk Management

For proper management of capital risk, the Company aims;

- to maintain continuity of operations so as to provide earnings to partners and benefits to other shareholders,
- to increase profitability through determining a product and service pricing policy that is commensurate with the level of risks inherent in the market.

The Company determines the amount of share capital in proportion to the risk level. The equity structure of the Company is arranged in accordance with the economic outlook and the risk attributes of assets.

The Company monitors capital management by using the debt/equity ratio. This ratio is calculated by dividing the debt, net, by the total share capital. The net debt is calculated by deducting the value of cash and cash equivalents from the total debt (the sum of short and long term liabilities stated in the statement of financial position). The total share capital is the sum of all equity items stated in the statement of financial position.

There's basically no change in the Company's general strategy with respect to the previous year. As of 31 December 2022, 2021 and 2020, the ratio of the total equity to net debts is as follows:

	31 December 2022	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
Total borrowings	256.763.949	78.683.053	40.810.386
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	(224.666.353)	(128.290.389)	(15.935.243)
Net debt	32.097.596	(49.607.336)	24.875.143
Total equity	5.841.940.731	3.142.549.904	1.893.549.014
Total capital	5.874.038.327	3.092.942.568	1.918.424.157
Gearing Ratio	1%	%0	1%

27. Financial Instruments (Fair Value Disclosures and Explanations on Hedge Accounting)

31 December 2022		Financial Assets	Fair value through	Fair value through other	Financial	
	Note	at amortized cost	profit or loss	comperhensive income	Liabilities at amortized cost	Carrying Value
Financial assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	3	224.666.353	-	-	-	224.666.353
Trade Receivables	6	2.165.613	-	-	-	2.165.613
Due from related parties	6	155.685.980	-	-	-	155.685.980
Other receivables	7	118.156	-	-	-	118.156
Other financial assets	4	309.542.298	324.467.186	97.086.580	-	731.096.064
Financial liabilities						
Financial liabilities	5	-	-	-	(127.623.455)	(127.623.455)
Trade payables	6	-	-	-	(15.563.751)	(15.563.751)
Due to related parties	6	-	-	-	(1.383.971)	(1.383.971)
Other financial liabilities	7	-	-	-	(41.033.799)	(41.033.799)

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

27. Financial Instruments (Fair Value Disclosures and Explanations on Hedge Accounting) (cont'd)

31 December 2021		Financial Assets	Fair value through	Fair value through other	Financial	
	Note	at amortized cost	profit or loss	comperhensive income	Liabilities at amortized cost	Carrying Value
Financial assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	3	128.290.389	-	-	-	128.290.389
Trade Receivables	6	1.191.317	-	-	-	1.191.317
Due from related parties	6	140.472.759	-	-	-	140.472.759
Other receivables	7	75.584	-	-	-	75.584
Other financial assets	4	386.747.440	136.277.257	14.540.750	-	537.565.447
Financial liabilities						
Financial liabilities	5	-	-	-	(4.365.052)	(4.365.052)
Trade payables	6	-	-	-	(7.591.689)	(7.591.689)
Due to related parties	6	-	-	-	(397.156)	(397.156)
Other financial liabilities	7	-	-	-	(30.290.815)	(30.290.815)
31 December 2020		Financial Assets	Fair value throu gh	Fair value through other	Financial	
31 December 2020	Note	Financial Assets at amortized cost	Fair value throu gh profit or loss	U	Financial Liabilities at amortized cost	Carrying Value
Financial assets	Note			U		Carrying Value
Financial assets Cash and cash		at amortized cost		U		
Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents	3	at amortized cost		U		15.935.243
Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents Trade Receivables	3 6	at amortized cost 15.935.243 1.035.634		U		15.935.243 1.035.634
Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents Trade Receivables Due from related parties	3 6 6	at amortized cost 15.935.243 1.035.634 25.006.214		U		15.935.243 1.035.634 25.006.214
Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents Trade Receivables Due from related parties Other receivables	3 6 6 7	at amortized cost 15.935.243 1.035.634 25.006.214 63.984	profit or loss	comperhensive income		15.935.243 1.035.634 25.006.214 63.984
Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents Trade Receivables Due from related parties	3 6 6	at amortized cost 15.935.243 1.035.634 25.006.214		U		15.935.243 1.035.634 25.006.214
Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents Trade Receivables Due from related parties Other receivables	3 6 6 7	at amortized cost 15.935.243 1.035.634 25.006.214 63.984	profit or loss	comperhensive income		15.935.243 1.035.634 25.006.214 63.984
Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents Trade Receivables Due from related parties Other receivables Other financial assets	3 6 6 7	at amortized cost 15.935.243 1.035.634 25.006.214 63.984	profit or loss	comperhensive income		15.935.243 1.035.634 25.006.214 63.984
Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents Trade Receivables Due from related parties Other receivables Other financial assets Financial liabilities	3 6 6 7 4	at amortized cost 15.935.243 1.035.634 25.006.214 63.984	profit or loss	comperhensive income	Liabilities at amortized cost	15.935.243 1.035.634 25.006.214 63.984 741.559.212
Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents Trade Receivables Due from related parties Other receivables Other financial assets Financial liabilities Financial liabilities	3 6 6 7 4	at amortized cost 15.935.243 1.035.634 25.006.214 63.984	profit or loss	comperhensive income	Liabilities at amortized cost (6.281.146)	15.935.243 1.035.634 25.006.214 63.984 741.559.212 (6.281.146)

Financial Instruments

Financial instruments comprise financial assets and financial liabilities. Financial instruments may create/affect/decrease liquidity risk, credit risk and stock market risk in the financial statements of the Company. All financial assets are reviewed to prevent impairment risk.

Fair value is the value of an asset or liability in an arms length transaction between knowledgeable and willing parties.

The Company has determined the fair value of its financial instruments by using current market information at present and by using appropriate valuation methods. However, assessing market information and forecasting actual values requires judgment. The forecasts presented as a conclusion may not always represent the values that are acquired by the Company in current market transactions.

Methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair value of financial instruments are as follows:

Financial Assets

Balances denominated in foreign currency are translated by using the exchange rates valid at the balance sheet date. It is foreseen that these balances are close to their carrying values. The fair values of certain financial assets, which also include cash and cash equivalents, are considered to approximate their carrying values due to their short term nature.

The carrying values of trade receivables along with the related allowances for uncollectability are estimated to represent their fair values.

The fair values of investments held to maturity are calculated by deducting impairment losses, if any, from the cost values amortized by the effective interest method.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

27. Financial Instruments (Fair Value Disclosures and Explanations on Hedge Accounting (cont'd)

Financial Assets (cont'd)

The fair values of financial assets which are available for sale and traded in active markets correspond to the best bid among current orders pending at the balance sheet date. The fair values of financial assets available for sale which are not traded in active markets cannot be determined reliably; hence, they are assumed to be equivalent to their restated cost values.

Financial Liabilities

Trade payables have been presented at their fair values.

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities are determined as follows:

Level 1: Fair value of financial assets and liabilities is measured at quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2: Fair value of financial assets and liabilities is measured at prices other than quoted market prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Fair value of financial asset and liabilities is measured using inputs that are not based on observable inputs of the active markets.

The hierarchical levels of the assets and liabilities stated at fair value are as follows:

		Fair value	level as of reporting	period
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
<u>-</u>	31 December 2022	TL	TL	TL
Financial Assets				
Stocks (publicly traded)	97.084.884	97.084.884	-	-
Financial Investments (Eurobond)	224 467 106		324.467.186	
,	324.467.186	-		-
		Fair value	level as of reporting	period
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
_	31 December 2021	TL	TL	TL
Financial Assets				
Stocks (publicly traded)	14.539.054	14.539.054	-	-
Financial Investments (Eurobond)	136.277.257	-	136.277.257	
		Fair value	level as of reporting	period
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
_	31 December 2020	TL	TL	TL
Financial Assets				
Stocks (publicly traded)	10.205.753	10.205.753	-	-
Financial Investments (Eurobond)	81.644.206	-	81.644.206	-
Stocks (publicly traded) Financial Investments (Eurobond) Financial Assets Stocks (publicly traded)	2021 14.539.054 136.277.257 31 December 2020	TL 14.539.054 Fair value Level 1 TL	TL - 136.277.257 level as of reporting Level 2 TL	TL period Level 3

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

28. Segment Reporting

The main activity of Alarko Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş. is to deal with the objectives and subjects written in the regulations of the Capital Markets Board regarding real estate investment trusts. In this context, it is engaged in issues such as real estate, real estate projects and investing in capital market instruments. Reporting by segment is made for Turkey and Russia, which are the geographical divisions of the Group.

<u>-</u>	Turkey 31 December 2022	Russia 31 December 2022	Adjustments	Total 31 December 2022
PROFIT AND LOSS				
Revenue	141.252.381	30.654.680	_	171.907.061
Cost of Sales (-)	(3.931.158)	30.034.000	_	(3.931.158)
GROSS PROFIT	137.321.223	30.654.680		167.975.903
Administrative expenses (-)	(12.987.715)	(25.408.397)	_	(38.396.112)
Other Income from Operating Activities	2.625.833.080	51.815.183	_	2.677.648.263
Other Expenses from Operating Activities (-)	(39.723.725)	(2.462.242)	_	(42.185.967)
OPERATING PROFIT	2.710.442.863	54.599.224	_	
Income from Investing Activities	2.556.877	-	_	2.556.877
Expenses form Investing Activities	(1.425.091)	_	_	(1.425.091)
Shares of Profits (Losses) of Investments Valued by Equity	(, , , , ,			(,
Method	42.983.938	_	(42.983.938)	_
OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE FINANCE INCOME/EXPENSE	2.754.558.587	54.599.224	(42.983.938)	2.766.173.873
Financing Expenses (-)	(617.476)	-	-	(617.476)
PROFIT BEFORE TAX FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	2.753.941.111	54.599.224	(42.983.938)	2.765.556.397
- Current Tax Expense/Income	-	(1.967.488)	-	(1.967.488)
- Deferred Tax Expense/Income	-	(9.647.798)	-	(9.647.798)
Tax Expense/Income from Continuing Operations	-	(11.615.286)	-	(11.615.286)
PROFIT FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	2.753.941.111	42.983.938	(42.983.938)	2.753.941.111
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	2.753.941.111	42.983.938	(42.983.938)	2.753.941.111
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(EXPENSE)	170.307.705	88.107.554	(88.107.554)	170.307.705
	Turkey 31 December 2022		Russia er 2022	Total 31 December 2022
Depreciation and amortization expense	175.551	:	516.781	692.332

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

28. Segment Reporting (cont'd)

		Turkey 31 December 2021	Russia 31 December 2021	Adjustments	Total 31 December 2021
DDOEWE AND LOGG					
PROFIT AND LOSS Revenue		122.022.298	14.168.752		136.191.050
Cost of Sales (-)		(1.543.441)	14.100.732	-	(1.543.441)
GROSS PROFIT		120.478.857	14.168.752	_	134.647.609
Administrative expenses (-)		(4.667.975)	(13.604.226)	_	(18.272.201)
Other Income from Operating	Activities	1.171.468.579	12.700.390	(132.802)	1.184.036.167
Other Expenses from Operating		(29.223.407)	(1.115.160)	-	(30.338.567)
OPERATING PROFIT	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1.258.056.054	12.149.756	(132.802)	1.270.073.008
Income from Investing Activiti	es	163.591	-	-	163.591
Shares of Profits (Losses) of Inv					
Method	7 1 7	4.255.675	-	(4.255.675)	-
OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS INCOME/EXPENSE	S) BEFORE FINANCE	1.262.475.320	12.149.756	(4.388.477)	1.270.236.599
Financing Expenses (-)		(998.011)	-	-	(998.011)
PROFIT BEFORE TAX FROM OPERATIONS	M CONTINUING	1.261.477.309	12.149.756	(4.388.477)	1.269.238.588
- Current Tax Expense/Incom	ne	-	(548.707)	-	(548.707)
- Deferred Tax Expense/Inco		-	(2.391.491)	-	(2.391.491)
Tax Expense/Income from Con	ntinuing Operations	-	(2.940.198)	-	(2.940.198)
PROFIT FROM CONTINUIN	IG OPERATIONS	1.261.477.309	9.209.558	(4.388.477)	1.266.298.390
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		1.261.477.309	9.209.558	(4.388.477)	1.266.298.390
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE	INCOME/(EXPENSE)	36.461.080	77.198.459	(32.165.755)	81.493.784
	-	Turkey 31 December 2021		Russia er 2021 31	Total December 2021
Depreciation and amortization	ation expense	23.296	ó	28.180	51.476
	Turkey 31 December 2022	Russia 31 December 2022	9	stments er 2022 31	Total December 2022
Total Assets Total Liabilities	6.014.537.431 168.457.973	397.408.215 88.305.976	`	40.966) -	6.098.704.680 256.763.949
	Turkey 31 December 2021	Russia 31 December 2021		etments er 2021 31	Total December 2021
Total Assets	3.095.184.874	221.541.604	(93.521)	3.221.232.957
Total Liabilities	35.152.196	43.530.857		-	78.683.053
	Turkey 31 December 2020	Russia 31 December 2020		etments er 2020 31	Total December 2020
Total Assets	1.827.244.961	118.154.744	(11.0	40.305)	1.934.359.400

29. Events After the Reporting Period

An earthquake occurred in the southeastern part of Turkey that affected many of our cities. Considering the region in which the Group operates, no direct impact is expected on Group operations.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

30. Fees for Services Received from Independent Auditor/Auditor

The Company's explanation regarding the fees for services rendered by independent audit firms, which is prepared by the KGK pursuant to the Board Decision published in the Official Gazette on March 30, 2021, and the preparation principles of which are based on the KGK letter dated August 19, 2021 are as follows:

	31 December 2022	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
Independent audit fee for the reporting period	255.425	104.000	90.000
Total	255.425	104.000	90.000

31. <u>Disclosure of Other Matters That May Affect Financial Statements Significantly or is Necessary for Financial Statements to Be Clear, Interpretable and Comprehensible</u>

a)Total value of insurance on assets for the respective periods are as follows;

	31 December 2022	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
Investment Properties (Note 9) Property, Plant and Equipment (Note 10)	915.212.007 50.089.023	855.309.827 34.169.749	370.900.402 19.005.977
Total	965.301.030	889.479.576	389.906.379

b) The developments regarding the events between Russia and Ukraine that started at the end of February 2022 are followed by the administration. The effects of this situation on the Company's activities and financial statements were evaluated by the Company management and it was concluded that it had no effect on the 31 December 2022 financial statements. However, due to the uncertain course of the crisis as of the report date, the effects of the developments that may occur on a global scale, the possible reflections of these developments on the global and regional economy, and the effects on the Company's operations cannot be reasonably estimated.

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

32. Supplementary Notes: Monitoring Compliance with Portfolio Restrictions

	Main Account Items of Unconsolidated / Separate Financial Statements	Related Regulation	Current Year (TL) 31 December 2022	Prior Year (TL) 31 December 2021
A	Money Market and Capital Market Instruments	Art. 24/(b)	942.311.438	661.670.383
В	Real estates, real estate projects and rights supported by real estates	Art. 24/(a)	4.540.796.735	2.193.532.872
C	Affiliates	Art. 24/(b)	313.242.662	95.495.217
	Due from Related Parties (Non-Trade)	Art. 23/(f)	-	-
	Other Assets		218.186.596	144.486.402
D	Total Assets	Art. 3/(p)	6.014.537.431	3.095.184.874
E	Financial Liabilities	Art. 31	127.623.455	4.365.052
F	Other Financial Liabilities	Art. 31	-	-
G	Lease Obligations	Art. 31	-	-
H	Due to Related Parties (Non-Trade)	Art. 23/(f)	-	-
İ	Equity	Art. 31	5.846.079.458	3.060.032.678
	Other Liabilities		40.834.518	30.787.144
D	Total Liabilities and Equity	Art. 3/(p)	6.014.537.431	3.095.184.874
	Other Financial Informations Related	Related	Current Year	Prior Year
	with Unconsolidated Financial	Regulation	(TL)	(TL)
	Statements		31 December 2022	31 December 2021
A1	Part of Money Market Instruments and Capital Market Instruments Held for Real Estates (3 Years)	Art. 24/(b)	-	-
A2	Time and Demand Deposits in TL/ Foreign Currency	Art. 24/(b)	208.925.567	123.791.960
A3	Foreign Capital Market Instruments	Art. 24/(d)	-	-
B1	Real estates, real estate projects and rights supported by real estates	Art. 24/(d)	-	-
B2	Lands Held Idle	Art. 24/(c)	278.221.735	131.266.735
C1	Foreign Investments	Art. 24/(d)	313.240.966	95.493.521
C2	Participation in the Operating Company	Art. 28/1(a)	1.696	1.696
J	Non-cash Loans	Art. 31	1.454.103.750	3.109.847
K	Mortgage lien on lands to be administrated for projects and the property of which does not belong to the company	Art. 22/(e)	-	-
L	All of the money and capital markets in a single investment company Tools	Art. 22/(1)	97.084.884	14.539.054

AUDITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira (TL))

32. Supplementary Notes: Monitoring Compliance with Portfolio Restrictions (cont'd)

	Portfolio Limitations	Related Regulation	Current Year 31 December 2022	Current Year 31 December 2021	Ratio of Minimum/ Maximum
-		Regulation	2022	2021	Maxillulli
1	Mortgage lien on lands to be administrated for projects and	Art. 22/(e)	% 0.00	% 0.00	< % 10
	the property of which does not belong to the company		,, ,,,,,	,, ,,,,,	_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
2	Real estates, real estate projects and rights supported by real	Art. 24/(a),(b)	% 75,50	% 70,87	> % 51
	estates	Art. 24/(a),(b)	70 73,30	70 70,07	≥ /0 51
3	Money Market and Capital Market Instruments and Subsidiaries	Art. 24/(b)	% 20,88	% 24,46	≤ % 49
	Real estates, real estate projects				
4	and rights supported by real estates,	Art. 24/(d)	% 5,21	% 3,09	≤ % 49
	Subsidiaries, Capital Market Instruments				
5	Lands Held Idle	Art. 24/(c)	% 4,63	% 4,24	≤% 20
6	Participation in the Operating Company	Art. 28/1 (a)	% 0,00	% 0,00	≤ % 10
7	Borrowing Limit	Art. 31	% 27,06	% 0,24	≤ % 500
8	Time and Demand Deposits in TL / Foreign Currency	Art. 24/(b)	% 3,47	% 4,00	≤ % 10
9	All of the money and capital markets in a single investment company Tools	Art. 22/(l)	% 1,61	% 0,47	≤% 10

As promulgated by the Communiqué Serial: III, No: 48.1 issued in the Official Newspaper dated 28.05.2013, the Article 24(c) of the "Communiqué on Principles Regarding Real Estate Investment Trusts" states that "The rate of lands and registered lands which are in the portfolio but which, in spite of a period of five years having elapsed from their acquisition, have not been administrated for any project development cannot exceed 20% of the total assets." As per the financial statements as of 31 December 2022, the ratio of the Company's plots of land to the total assets is 4,63 % which is a rate that falls within the limit stated in the Communiqué.

Further to the above, the Article 24(a) of the Communiqué Serial: III No: 48.1 on the "Principles Regarding Real Estate Investment Trusts" is stated as follows: "REICs are required to invest in real estate, rights supported by real estate, and real estate projects at a minimum rate of 51% of their portfolio values". As per the financial statements of 31 December 2022, this rate is 75,50 % and stays within the limits introduced by the Communiqué.

Further, the Article 24(b) of the Communiqué Serial: III No: 48.1 on the "Principles Regarding Real Estate Investment Trusts" is stated as follows: "REICs can invest in the assets stated in Article 22.1(k) and the investments stated in Article 28 of the Communiqué up to a maximum of 49% of the portfolio value." As per the financial statements of 31 December 2022, this rate is 20,88 % and stays within the limits introduced by the Communiqué.

The article 24 (b) of the said communiqué promulgates that "The companies can invest in time deposit and demand deposits in Turkish Liras or any foreign currency for investment purposes at a maximum rate of 10% of their total assets". In the 31 December 2022 financial statements, this rate is 3,47 % and stays within the limitation introduced by the Communiqué.

The borrowing limit and the rates of participation in the operating company are also contained within the said limits. There are no other portfolio limitations.

As of 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021, the information included in the footnote titled "Control of Compliance with Portfolio Limitations"; In accordance with Article 16 of the CMB Serial: II, No: 14.1 "Communiqué on the Principles of Financial Reporting in the Capital Markets", it is summary information derived from the financial statements and published in the Official Gazette Serial: III, No: 48.1 on 28 May 2013. It has been prepared within the framework of the provisions of the Communiqué on Principles Regarding Investment Trusts and the Communiqué on the Amendment of the Communiqué on Principles Regarding Investment Trusts, Serial: III, No: 48.1a, published in the Official Gazette No: 28891 on 23 January 2014, on the control of compliance with portfolio limitations. Since the information in the table is unconsolidated data, it may not match the information in the consolidated tables.